

The Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME XLVI

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1902

NUMBER 6

STALWARTS WIN FIRST BATTLE

Snowed Under La Follette Faction in the City of Milwaukee.

ANSON FOR MAYOR

Over 200 of the 273 Delegates Are Opposed to Thos. H. Brown.

A BIG VOTE IS POLLED

Milwaukee, Wis., March 15.—Speci-
al.—The result of the republican
caucuses yesterday proved a great
surprise to democrats, as well as re-
publicans. It was expected that Tom
Brown would run a close race in the
nomination for mayor, but he was
snowed under so deep that the re-
publicans are wondering how he ran
at all.

Out of 273 delegates over 200 were
solid for Charles Anson. The tick-
et selected is as follows:

For Mayor—CHARLES H. AN-
SON.
City Attorney—JOHN O. CARBYS.
City Treasurer—WILLIAM A.
STARKE.

City Comptroller—FRED C. KUTH.
The judicial contests on Tarrant
is very much in doubt as to whether
he will be endorsed in convention
or whether a resolution will be passed
as a non-partisan candidate. There
may be a separate nomination.

The democrats would have prefer-
red to see Brown nominated but they
are confident that Mayor Rose will
win out a third time. Many of the
old aldermen were put out of the
running yesterday and the complexion
of the new council, whether repub-
lican or democratic will be decidedly
different from that of the past two
years. There seems to be a feel-
ing among the people for a general
upheaval.

People All Interested

Intense interest was manifested in
the result of the caucus election.
The polls had scarcely closed before
the men who had stood guard about
the booths, as well as many others
who, as a rule, pay little attention
to local political affairs, began to
gather at the headquarters of the re-
publican county committee.

The telephone kept up a constant ring as people in all parts of the city began inquiring for the results in the several wards. It appeared as if the people were laboring under the impression that the voting machine was in general use.

The Judicial Problem

The excitement that prevailed over
the result of the contest for the dele-
gates to the city convention comple-
tely overshadowed the judicial prob-
lem, and it cannot be stated positive-
ly just how the delegations stand on
the subject of making a party nomi-
nation. The prospects are, however,
that the convention will be controlled
by those who favor a nomina-
tion.

Major Anson Is Grati- fied

"I am very much gratified with the
result of the caucus elections," said
Major Charles H. Anson this morn-
ing, "and am thankful for the faith-
ful work put in by my republican
friends. The large vote cast is an
evidence of the unusual interest in
the pending campaign."

It Is Believed Anson Won.

Milwaukee, March 15.—The Repub-
lican caucuses to elect delegates to
the city convention were held yes-
terday. A large vote was polled.
The long lists of names in each ward
made the counting slow work and
returns were very late, few coming
in before midnight.

It is believed, however, that Major
Anson, the stalwart candidate for
mayor, has a majority of the dele-
gates. Some of his enthusiastic sup-

porters claim he will have over two
thirds, insuring his nomination with-
out any trouble.

The democratic city convention
will be held in the Davidson theater
today. It is conceded that Mayor
Rose will be re-nominated and Alder-
man Graebner will be named for
treasurer. Beyond this the city
ticket is in a chaotic condition. The
main trouble comes in trying to fit
the Poles with a place on the ticket
as that nationality, which constitutes
the backbone of the party in the city
believes it is entitled to something
more than minor clerkships.

It is rumored this morning that a
plan has been arranged whereby every-
body will be satisfied. It is based
on the retirement of Vincent C.
Schoenicker, who is said to be a can-
didate for sheriff on the county ticket
this fall, and will not accept a re-
appointment to his present position.

This leaves an opening where
George Ziegler, who has proved a
troublesome thorn in the comptroller's
muddle, can be sidetracked. The
deal is said to include the nomination of
Joseph Banazasky for com-
ptroller.

BIG TIDAL WAVE AND EARTHQUAKE

Great Damage Done in an Eruption at
Kenai, Cook's Inlet, Alaska,
on New Year's Day.

Seattle, March 15.—A Juneau speci-
alist says a terrific volcanic eruption
occurred near Kenai, Cook's Inlet, Al-
aska. On New Years day a severe
earthquake burst a mountain asunder
leaving a large gap from which flames
and lava poured. Subsequently a tidal
wave did much damage. The
water in the inlet rose to a great
height and terror reigned throughout
that locality.

MOST OF STRIKERS RETURN TO WORK

Interrupted Business in Boston Has
Been Resumed—Water Front
More Active.

Boston, March 15.—According to
advice given them by Gov. Crane and
the action taken by the various la-
bor organizations last night, all the
men involved in sympathy with the
strike, with the exception of the
freight handlers, freight clerks, and
lumber teamsters and handlers re-
turned to work this morning. Alto-
gether not over twenty-five hundred
of nearly twenty thousand men on the
strike Thursday will be out today.
During the day many freight han-
dlers returned to work and business
along the water front is more active
than at any time since the strike began.

STRIKE PENDING AT RIVER FALLS

Fall River, Mass., March 15.—The
conference this morning between the
executive committee of the Textile
Manufacturers' and labor leaders was
without result. This means a strike
of 2,100 operatives on Monday. They
demand an increase of 10 per cent.
in wages.

When Druggist's Advice Was Good.

The doctor examined his patient
carefully and, with a grave face, told
him that he was very ill, and asked
if he had consulted any one else.
"Oh," said the man, "I went to see a
druggist and asked his advice, and he—" "Druggist!" the doctor broke
in angrily; "what was the good of
that? The best thing you can do
when a druggist gives you a bit of ad-
vice is to do exactly the opposite."
"And he," the patient continued, "ad-
vised me to come to you."

Prof. C. L. Wells of Chicago gives
his lecture to ladies at 2 p. m. on
Monday at East Side Odd Fellows
hall.

SENATE RATIFIES THE TREATY; HAGUE PLANS ON WAR CONDUCT

Features of the Convention Which Has Now Been
Signed and Adopted by Twenty-Five Different

Countries—Some of the Agreements.

Washington, D. C., March 15.—The
Senate yesterday without division
ratified the Hague peace conference
relating to the conduct of war on
land and sea. An hour was spent in
executive session. Senators Teller
and Hoar spoke of the actions of
General Funston in the capture of
Aguinaldo, questioning his methods,
Senator Burton defended General
Funston saying his conduct had been
humane and honorable. Members
of the committee on foreign relations
said briefly that the ratification of the
treaty would place this country in
accord with the highest thought of
the times. Those who raised ques-
tions disclaimed any intention to pre-
vent favorable action.

The countries party to the treaty
are Germany, Austria, Belgium, Den-
mark, Spain, the United States, Mex-
ico, France, Great Britain, Greece
Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Montenegro,
Netherlands, Persia, Portugal, Rou-
mania, Russia, Serbia, Sweden and
Norway, Turkey and Bulgaria. The
provisions of the treaty are binding
only on the contracting powers. In
case of war between two or more of

them, and cease to be binding when
a non-contracting power joins either
of the belligerents.

The most important feature of
the treaty is that prohibiting the use
of "dum-dum" bullets. Among other
things specially prohibited are.

To employ poison or poisoned

arms.

To kill or wound treacherously in-

dividuals belonging to the hostile na-

tion or army.

To kill or wound and enemy who
having laid down arms, or having no
longer means of defense, has surren-

dered at discretion.

To declare that no quarter will be

given.

To employ arms, projectiles or ma-

terial of a nature to cause superflu-

ous injury.

To make improper use of a flag of

true, the national flag or military

ensigns and the enemy's uniform, as

well as the distinctive badges of the

Geneva convention.

To destroy or seize the enemy's

property unless such destruction or

seizure be imperatively demanded by

the necessities of war.

SPOONER WILL BE A CANDIDATE

Friends of Wisconsin Sen-
ator Have Induced Him
to Run Again.

NEEDED IN SENATE

Rumors That He Will Accept
Supreme Bench Position,
Positively Denied.

TO RUN FOR SENATOR

John C. Spooner of Wisconsin will
be a candidate for re-election to
the United States senate, writes Wal-
ter Wellman, the Washington corre-
spondent of the Chicago Record-Her-
ald. His friends say he will be
elected despite certain opposition
from members of his own party.
A year or two ago Mr. Spooner wrote
a letter in which he said he thought
he would be a candidate for another
term.

His friends now declare that the
Republicans of Wisconsin have so
generally insisted upon a reconsideration
of this letter that the senator
has consented to recall it and to
stand for re-election before the leg-
islature next January.

Governor La Follette is not favor-
able to the re-election of Mr. Spooner
and the governor is a great power in
the state, but men who know Wis-
consin politics insist that even the
governor is not strong enough to de-
feat Senator Spooner.

For Chief Justice

Mr. Spooner will not take a seat
upon the bench of the supreme court
of the United States, neither now
nor at any time in the future. Various
reports to the effect that he was
going on the bench were in circula-
tion.

One account has it that Chief Jus-
tice Fuller is to retire next Febru-
ary, on reaching his 70th year, and
that Mr. Spooner will be appointed
to the chief justiceship. No one
knows whether the chief justice will
retire or not; all the probabilities
are that he will remain on the bench
for many years to come. His health
is excellent and he enjoys the work.

Like nine supreme court justices
out of ten he has a strong aversion to
sitting up the work and dying of the
rust of idleness.

Whether the chief justice retires
or not and no matter how many vac-
ancies may arise in the supreme
bench, Senator Spooner is not to be
a member of that distinguished tri-
bunal. This may be considered set-
tled once for all. Nor would he
take a place in the cabinet. He
has already declined several offers of
this latter sort.

Knox Favors Spooner

Not long ago Attorney General
Knox, informally discussing the pos-
sibility of vacancies on the supreme
bench, said to President Roosevelt,
"If a vacancy should arise there is
one man I am willing to recommend
for the succession here and now."

"Who is he?"

"Senator Spooner of Wisconsin."

"But that won't do," replied the
President; "we can't spare him from
the senate."

This remark indicates the estima-
tion in which the senator from Wis-
consin is held at the White House,
and the opinion is echoed by his col-
leagues of both parties in congress.

Mr. Spooner was long ago called
"the little giant of the Senate" in
his unusual pleasing manner.

Short speeches were made by Chas.

E. Pierce, L. E. Gettle, John L. Fish-
er, David Conger, C. A. Hannan, J.

P. Smiley and others. W. T. Van-
kirk, E. D. Roberts and some others

of the leaders did not respond when
called upon for remarks. Repub-
licanism and the support of the pres-
ident's administration was the gen-
eral trend of the speeches.

Among those present at the ban-
quet were Dr. Roberts, W. T. Van-
kirk, Henry Kueck, George W. Yahn,
C. E. Bowles, John L. Fisher, Jesse
Farie, C. A. Harmon, Charles E.
Pierce, M. H. Whitaker, Morgan
Aiken, F. J. Mount, Thornton Ried,
L. U. Fisher of Center, L. E. Gettle
and T. B. Earle of Edgerton, J. P.
Smiley of Plymouth; Ray North and
N. Gage of Beloit, E. M. Haugen of
Orfordville.

After the banquet was finished the
leaders of the club met in secret ses-
sion and decided that taking into
consideration the number of invitations
sent out and the number that
responded, and gathered at the ban-
quet La Follette's cause in Rock Co.
was hopelessly lost.

Mr. Spooner has no ambition to sit
on the supreme bench. He has al-
ready declined one offer to become
a member of that court and would de-
cline another were it made to him.

He is too fond of action to retire to
a life of study. If he remains in
public life—and all the chances are
that he will for a long time—it will

be as a member of the senate, where
he has attained influence and a power

of usefulness second to those of his colleagues.

MADE BANKRUPT BY SOCIAL ROBBERS

New York, March 15.—Rupert
Fritz, a chef who served the lunch-
eon at Shooter's Island for the 2,000
persons who witnessed the launch-
ing of Emperor William's yacht Me-
teor, has assigned. Fritz says he
borrowed a large amount of silver-
ware from friends for use at the
luncheon. In the rush for souvenirs
nearly all of the silverware dis-
appeared before Fritz and his assis-
tants were aware of the raids. Finding
it impossible to make good his losses
Fritz decided upon an assignment.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Williams of 219
N. Jackson street are rejoicing over

the arrival of a nine pound baby

girl at their home. Their many

friends will be glad to know that all

are doing nicely.

TAKE NAME OF THOROUGHBREDS

La Follette Men in Rock
County Form an Or-
ganization.

NEEDED IN SENATE

Attendance Was Slim, and
the Talk Bombastic—The
Officers Feted.

EARLE FOR PRESIDENT

"Republicans first, last and at all
times. To support the nominee
whoever he may be." This was the
motto adopted by the La Follette sup-
porters at their banquet held at the
Park hotel last evening. The mem-
bers of the club formed last night
decided that they should be called
"Thoroughbreds" and were not half-
breeds or stalwarts.

At seven thirty o'clock in response
to invitations sent out by the tem-
porary chairman, W. T. Vankirk, and
temporary secretary, J. L. Fisher,
the La Follette faithful to the num-
ber of seventy, from all parts of the
county gathered at the Hotel and
held a general love-feast. The ban-
quet was in four courses and was pre-
pared over by Cap Vankirk with his
usual dignity.

PLAN FOR A POSTAL CURRENCY; PROPOSITION BEFORE CONGRESS

Money Can Be Transformed Into Indorsable Checks—
The Plan Was Invented by a Citizen and Offered to Government Free of Cost.

A unique feature in congressional legislature this winter is presented in the promotion of a postal currency. The system was devised, perfected and patented by a private citizen, who offers the result of his efforts to the government free of all cost. The system has the approval of many officials, and is endorsed by a long list of manufacturers and business houses throughout the country. Publishers and farmers are especially interested, in that the new currency promises an easy way for a man in the country to promptly send remittance for his favorite publication. Under the present inconvenient money order system the individual desiring to send a small sum of money through the mail is met by the necessity for the time-killing journey to the post office to obtain safe money.

This sets up a barrier to the prompt transaction of business and results in much loss from the fact that many people never carry out their original intention to subscribe or purchase. The need is for money in the hands of the people that can be safely and instantly sent by letter.

Post Check Currency Bill.

The provision of the "post check" currency bill, now before Congress, introduced in the senate by Mr. McMillan, and in the House by Mr. Gardner of Michigan, provides for the printing of the one, two and five dollar bills in the future with blank spaces on the face.

These bills, of course, pass from hand to hand before the blanks are filled. When it is desired to send one in the mails the blanks are filled in with the name of the payee, his city and state, a 2-cent postage stamp is placed in another blank space and canceled with the initials of the sender in ink, the name of the sender is signed on the back, and presto! his money has suddenly ceased to exist as currency and has been transformed into a check on the United States government, having all the safety of any bank check, and ready for inclosure in his letter.

When the payee receives this check he treats it just as he would any other check—indorses it, goes to the nearest bank or post office and deposits it or has it cashed.

Replaced by New Checks.

The paid check finally reaches the Treasury department, when it is replaced by a new one with the spaces unfilled. This keeps the circulation at par. No change whatever is made in the financial policy of the government, the only change being in the character of printing on the bills of five dollars and under.

The bill also provides for the issue of \$75,000,000 of fractional currency, with blank spaces similar to the larger denominations, in place of an equal amount of money of larger denominations, presumably twenty and fifty-dollar bills. The provision under the new system for a continual reliance insures clean money both in the fractional currency and in the larger bills. The government fee on the five, ten, fifteen, twenty-five and fifty cent pieces is to be one cent each.

Business Advantage.

Perhaps in no better way can the reader come to understand the pressing need for postal currency than to recall the times without number when he himself has been desirous of sending a small sum of money through the mails with safety. Always in such cases comes up the barrier, and only the persistent one will carry out his purpose of using stamps, coin placed in holes in pieces of pasteboard or risking loose money.

DUCKS AND GEESE QUIT WINTER HOME

The Warm and Balsy Spring Weather is Sending Them North in Great Numbers.

Remarkable reports come in from several parts of Wisconsin to Janesville sportsmen that ducks and geese of the wild and sporty kind are already coming north in great numbers from their winter quarters and are populating the haunts which usually are not occupied until much later in the season.

The warm and balmy spring weather which has been presented by the weather man almost without interruption for some time has a telling effect on the sportsman, and particularly on those creatures which are caught with the gun, and many huntsmen of long standing in the annals of the great sport of shooting wild fowl do not recall seeing ducks and geese in this section of the country at so early a season in such large numbers.

Ducks are represented in no small numbers. It appears from reports. They are flying well, looking for open water and succeed in finding it, too, in most places they usually frequent. However, very few of the inland water bodies are entirely free from ice, and many are almost entirely covered with a crust, which is weak but certainly sufficient to keep away ducks.

At any rate it is the first time for three or four years that ducks have been seen as early as this in such great number. Usually it has been the last of March before any large number of them have come back from the Southern and more balmy climate.

An interesting fact is also given as authentic by a number of inland sportsmen, which is that geese hardly left this part of the country this winter. Except during the extreme cold snaps, of which there were comparatively few, the wild geese remained in the neighborhood.

It appears that both ignorance of

Services are held in Phoebe's block West Milwaukee street, Sunday at 10:30 a. m.; Wednesday 7:30 p. m. Sunday topic, "Matter." Readings room open daily from 2 to 4 p. m., except Sunday.

Mary Kimball Mission—106 South Jackson street. Sunday school at 2 p. m. Preaching service at 7:15 p. m. Topic, "The Biography of a Child of the King." Meetings every evening, except Monday. Every evening welcome.

First M. E. Church—James Churm, pastor. Morning service at 10:30. Subject: "Perpetual Sowing." Evening service at 7 o'clock. Subject: "The Other Fellow." Epworth League Devotional meeting at 6 p. m. Topic "A Noble Purpose." Lead by John Lewis. The public is cordially invited to these services.

Presbyterian Church—J. T. Henderson, the pastor, preaches morning and evening. Morning worship at 10:30. Subject: "The Lord's Remembrances." Evening worship 7:00. Subject: "A Well-Known Business Man's Rules Applied to Religion."

Sunday school at 12 m. Junion Endeavor at 3:30 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. 6:00 p. m. Subject: "A Noble Purpose." A temperance meeting. Leader, Mr. Athon.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

The Kinodrome show last night drew a large audience. The show is a first class one and worthy of the patronage accorded it. The illustrated songs are especially good and are generously applauded. The matinee this afternoon is being generously patronized by ladies and children. The final presentation will take place tonight.

Beloit, Wis., Mar. 10, 1902.

Messrs. L. B. Carle, C. S. Jackman,

D. W. Hayes, Committee, Janes-

ville, Wis.—Gentlemen:—After looking over

your city we are very well pleased

with the surroundings and wish to

state if the railway companies will

make satisfactory track connections

and freight rates, when we are as-

sured they will do, and if your peo-

ple will give us an affirmative an-

swer within twelve days from the

date hereof, we will locate our fac-

tory at Janesville for the manu-

facture of our cement posts with a ca-

pacity of 5,000 per day, provided you

will furnish us a satisfactory site of

\$5,000 to be paid when the factory

is in operation.

It will require 100 employees to turn

out 5,000 posts per day.

In case you accept this proposition

we will commence construction work

within ten days after you put us in

possession of the property.

Very respectfully yours,

L. C. COLE,
A. C. WISNER,
H. W. MORGENTHALER.

The plant at Athens, Mich., turns out about 1,000 posts a day and employs twenty hands. The plant proposed for this city would cost from \$30,000 to \$35,000 and would employ from 80 to 100 hands. The posts

now sell for 25 cents wholesale on

board the cars. The gentlemen

stated to the committee that they

would manufacture the posts in large

quantities for about 20 cents and

still make a profit.

President Carle thought it would

be a good thing to get this plant

for the city even if they had to pay

a bonus and furnish a site. As to

the responsibility of these gentlemen

Mr. Carle stated that they were get-

ting special reports on them and

would know in a day or two regard-

ing their standing. Mr. Clough

stated that they were thoroughly re-

sponsible and able to carry out any-

thing they undertook. D. W. Hayes

stated these gentlemen had sever-

al other propositions in view and

that they must know inside of twelve

days what Janesville intended to do.

C. S. Jackman moved that the

committee take the matter under

consideration and appoint a commit-

tee to investigate the business. If

they found things satisfactory to take

further action and accept the pro-

position or make a new one. The

motion was adopted by the club. The

question of a site was brought up

and Mr. M. Hayes stated that they

had several offers of sites. In one

place they were offered 9 acres of

land for \$3,000 and at another 10

acres for about \$2,000.

The same committee that had been

investigating the matter were re-ap-

pointed to continue the work. The

meeting then adjourned to the call

of the committee.

There are said to be more legiti-

mate laughs and more real humor in

Herman Perlet's new musical comedy

"When Reuben Comes to Town," than

in any work of the kind since the

days of the "Mikado." The music

too, is said to be of the highest order

and possesses more originality

than any recent offering. The quality

that immediately impresses itself upon

the hearer, is, that the music

seems to fit the lines and situations

and is distinctive and characteristic.

This result is doubtless due to the

fact that Mr. Perlet is responsible

for the libretto and lyrics, as well as

the music. The company that will

present the piece at the Myers Grand

Tuesday, March 18, is the same, origi-

nal organization that gave it its

great popularity. The scenery and

costumes and entire production, is

also the same that was designed for

the Metropolitan run.

Promotion for C. J. Balch

The Colorado Springs Gazette of

March 12 has the following notice:

"Mr. C. J. Balch, who has for sev-

eral months occupied the position of

chief dispatcher for the Colorado

Springs & Cripple Creek District

Railway company in this city, has

resigned his position and will leave

tomorrow for Salt Lake, where he

will assume the duties of assistant

superintendent of the Oregon Short

Line. His many friends in this city

will be pleased to hear of his well

deserved promotion. He started in

railroading with the Northwestern

in this city and remained with them

two years. He then went to the

Burlington and remained five years.

The last twelve years up to last

summer he was with the Oregon

Short Line, but resigned to go with

the Colorado Springs and Cripple

Creek District Railway.

All members of the Ancient Order

of Hibernians will meet at their hall

Monday morning, March 17, at 9:30

o'clock in full regalia, to attend mass.

J. F. RILEY, Pres.

First Baptist Church—Richard M.

Vaughan, pastor, 10:30 morning

worship. Sermon: "The Christian

STRIKES CAUSE LOSS IN TRADE

Labor Troubles at Boston and Fall River Affect Business.

GRAIN HOLDINGS BY FARMERS

Twenty-Three Per Cent of Crop in Hands of Growers Tends to Weaken Prices, but This Is Offset by Small Interior Movements and Exports.

New York, March 15.—"Business in Boston was completely paralyzed by the strike of freight handlers and teamsters, which directly affected 30,000 men and indirectly rendered other thousands idle by holding back supplies of raw material. Fortunately this struggle seems in a fair way to settlement, but another will begin Monday at Fall River mills and other textile plants in that vicinity. Outside of Massachusetts, however, the labor situation is exceptionally free from controversy, and even in the coal mines there is less than the usual agitation as April approaches. Distribution of spring merchandise is making rapid progress, the most sanguine expectations being fully realized in all sections outside the strike area," according to R. G. Dun & Co.'s Review of Trade.

Consumers of iron and steel products are still anxious regarding conditions during the next three months. After July 1 it is believed that deliveries will be ample. The most important event of the week was the heavy buying of steel bars by makers of agricultural implements in anticipation of higher prices becoming effective on April 1. Better transportation for coke is rapidly reducing surplus stocks in the yards and supplying furnaces with all the needed fuel.

Labor disturbances have tended to strengthen the tone of textile products by reducing available supplies which were already none too large. Sellers recently declined much business, notwithstanding the uncertain price of the raw material, and were in good position to stand the interruption.

Official indications of farm reserves on March 1 were not surprising as to the corn dealers anticipating that supplies would be only about one-half last year's, but the statement that 23 per cent of the enormous wheat yield remained in farmers' hands was not calculated to sustain values. Needed rains in the Southwest made the market look more favorable for the next crop. A sustaining feature was the interior movement of only 2,618,819 bushels, against 3,902,650 last year, while on the other hand total exports from the United States were but 2,598,472 bushels, compared with 4,962,674 a year ago. As to corn both comparisons were striking, receipts aggregating only 1,893,950 bushels, against 4,131,337 a year ago, while Atlantic exports fell to the lowest record for many years, 96,109 bushels, against 3,339,902 in 1901.

Failures for the week were 232 in the United States, against 209 last year and thirty-four in Canada, against thirty-three in 1901.

Site for Kellogg Sanitarium.

St. Joseph, Mich., March 15.—That the city of St. Joseph will furnish the site for the Kellogg Sanitarium, which was recently destroyed by fire at Battle Creek, seems to be an assured fact. J. H. Graham has offered Dr. Kellogg as a site for the new buildings twenty acres of ground on the banks of the St. Joseph river, two miles south of the city. It has become known that local transportation companies and railroads, with the aid of citizens, will furnish the \$75,000 demanded by Kellogg for the new institution.

Would Move Iowa University.
Des Moines, Ia., March 15.—Representative Larrabee introduced a joint resolution into the legislature amending the constitution so as to permit the removal of the state university from Iowa City to Des Moines or other cities offering sufficient inducements, providing Iowa City continues to do as little for the institution as in the past.

Civil Rights Suit.

Racine, Wis., March 15.—Seymour Swarts, president of the American Iron and Metal company of Chicago, has filed a suit against William Papierwein, proprietor of the Kenosha hotel at Kenosha, for big damages, alleging that Papierwein forcibly ejected him from his hotel because Swarts is a Jew.

Grain Elevator Burned.

Evanston, Ind., March 15.—The grain elevator of Fuehr & Ford at Mount Vernon, containing 75,000 bushels of wheat, was destroyed by fire, due to spontaneous combustion. Loss, \$50,000; fully covered by insurance.

Incorporated with \$10,000,000 Capital.
Trenton, March 15.—The Consolidated Storage Battery company, capital \$10,000,000, was incorporated here. The object of the company is to manufacture and deal in electric motors, dynamos, storage batteries and all kinds of electric machinery.

Life Lost in New York Fire.

New York, March 15.—Fire that destroyed the postoffice building in North Pelham caused the death of Edward Yocom, 12 years old, a newsboy, and the serious injury of his mother. The loss is estimated at \$20,000.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Powderly to be Retired.
Washington, March 15.—Unless conditions in the federal immigration service take another unexpected turn, T. V. Powderly, commissioner general of immigration; Thomas Fitchie, commissioner of immigration at the port of New York, and Edward F. McSweeney, assistant commissioner of immigration at the same port, will be retired from office shortly. It is understood that Frank P. Sargent, grand master of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, has been selected to succeed Commissioner General Powderly, the place having been offered him a short time ago.

Lord Francis Hope Falls.

London, March 15.—The failure is announced of Lord Francis Hope. The petitioning creditors' claim was £4,000. Lord Francis' marital troubles are said to have caused him some financial embarrassment. He is married to May Yohe, the former actress, and though he has been talking of seeking a divorce for some time no legal action has been instituted.

Standard Oil Dividend.

New York, March 15.—Two of the big Rockefeller companies—Standard Oil and Consolidated Gas—Saturday paid \$21,500,000 in dividends to the stockholders in these corporations. Of this amount \$20,000,000 represents the Standard Oil dividend of 20 per cent on the \$100,000,000 of capitalization, while the gas company disbursed \$1,500,000 to its stockholders.

Blizzard in North Dakota.

Minot, N. D., March 15.—The severest blizzard in two years raged here Friday. Railroad trains are delayed and wagon roads are impassable.

Grand Forks, N. D., March 15.—A blizzard raged here all day Friday, the wind blowing a gale and the air being full of particles of ice. The temperature dropped thirty degrees and is still falling.

Decision Favors Whisky Trust.

Trenton, N. J., March 15.—Judge Kirkpatrick in the United States circuit court rendered a decision refusing an injunction in the suit brought by Louis Windmuller to prevent the dissolution of the Spirits Distributing Company, one of the constituent concerns of the Distilling Company of America.

Montana University Building Burned.
Missoula, Mont., March 15.—Science Hall at the state university was destroyed by a fire. The hall was the second largest building on the campus, and was valued at \$100,000, although the equipment it contained brings the loss to a much larger figure.

Democrats Ask for Caucus.

Washington, March 15.—Democratic members of congress have numerously signed a petition being circulated asking Representative Hay, the caucus chairman, to call a caucus on the 18th to formulate a policy in reference to the Boer war.

Big Fire Loss at Winslow.
Winslow, Ill., March 17.—Fire early Saturday destroyed two blocks of buildings in the business part of this town. The bank, postoffice, fifteen business houses and several private residences were entirely consumed. The loss is \$125,000. Insurance, \$50,000.

Milwaukee Stalwarts Win.

Milwaukee, March 15.—Incomplete returns from the Republican caucuses held Friday to elect delegates to the city convention indicate the election of a majority of delegates favorable to Major Anson, the stalwart candidate for mayor.

Church Worker Kills Herself.

Newark, O., March 15.—Miss Vina Woodbury, a Methodist Sunday school teacher who lived at Wesley Montgomery's residence, committed suicide by hanging. She was ill with quinsy.

Age-old Woman Commits Suicide.

Lima, O., March 15.—Mrs. Phoebe Grey committed suicide by hanging. She was 81 years of age and grieved over the loss of her husband.

Fighting Boers Number 18,000.

The Hague, March 15.—The latest and best information obtainable in Europe represents the Boers in the field as numbering 18,000.

Clayton Called to Captain.

Washington, D. C., March 15.—The charges against Ambassador Powell Clayton, submitted to the State Department, were forwarded to him in order that he may make reply if he cares to do so. The question is for the first time raised formally as to the propriety of an ambassador or minister engaging in business, or even having financial interests in the country to which he is accredited. It is believed there is no specific law upon the subject, and it is suggested that the determining point in this case will lie in the character of Mr. Clayton's investments and the extent to which they might seem to tend to influence his ambassadorial actions.

Democrats Postpone Action.

Washington, D. C., March 15.—The Democratic congressional campaign committee met Friday and for over two hours discussed plans for reorganization. Thirty-four states were represented. It was decided that inasmuch as there were a number of states without representatives in the Democratic party in the House, the organization should not be completed until the next meeting of the committee to be held in two weeks, when a chairman and secretary and an assistant secretary will be chosen.

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It Opens and Closes.

Albany and Protection. The Membrane Restores the Health of Face and Skin. Large Size, 10 cents each. Price, \$1.00. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Miss Emma Toole has returned from a six weeks' trip in the west.

PIMPLES

We talk about them for their removal.

We talk about them at this time more than we do at any other because, for various reasons, they are more common in the Spring than in other seasons.

You can get rid of them, but you must cleanse your system, thoroughly.

You can't get rid of them any other way.

Hood's Sarsaparilla thoroughly cleanses the system, cures pimples and all other eruptions, makes the complexion clear and wholesome, corrects all run-down Spring conditions, and builds up the whole system.

"My sister and I have been in the habit of taking Hood's Sarsaparilla in the Spring and we find it works wonders. It relieves that tired feeling, purifies the blood, clears the complexion and makes us feel better in every way. I believe it to be a duty to speak in praise of so beneficial a remedy." ERNEST REEDER, 500 East Espenschild St., South St. Louis, Mo.

Accept No Substitute for Hood's Sarsaparilla.

NEW SPRING STYLES

... IN ...

Fancy Dress Shirts !!

JUST RECEIVED.

Big Line of fine melrose cloth negligee shirts with cuffs, in latest style stripes and colorings, each 50¢

Fine Line of fancy dress shirts, with 2 collars and one pair cuffs to match, each 50¢

NEW HATS.

Just Received large order of new spring style of soft hats for men and boys..... \$1, 1.25, 1.50 Up

We Can Please You and Save You Money.

THE WIDE AWAKE.

Whitcomb Dental Parlors.



TEETH Without Plates.

Dr. G. D. Whitcomb, formerly of the New York Dental Parlors; open for business March 10th, 1902, 304 Jackman Building, Janesville, Wis.

Set of Teeth on Rubber, \$7

Gold Filling..... \$1 up

Gold Crowns 22k..... 5

Silver Filling..... 75¢

Bridge Work..... 5 FREE EXAMINATION.

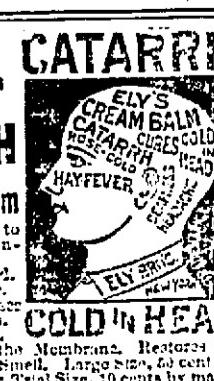
All Work Guaranteed.

The Guarantees on All Work Executed in the Past by Dr. Whitcomb will be Made Good by the Whitcomb Dental Parlors.

304 Jackman Bldg.

Phone 712,

Janesville, Wis.



CATARRH

Lawrence & Leahy, General Blacksmiths. Horse Shoeing by experts. Prices most reasonable. Shop on Dodge Street between River and Franklin Streets, Janesville.

Stanley D. Tallman,

LAWYER,

309-310 Jackman Block. • Janesville.

SPECIAL SUIT OFFERING

Saturday, Mar. 15.



WE ARE going to make our spring's business the biggest of the year. To acquire this result we must be active. We place on sale Saturday all the newest creations in this spring's Suitings made of the choicest materials in all wool fabrics that the market affords. Not one thing has been forgotten to make our clothing perfection in every detail. Not one thing has been omitted that would help the wearing qualities, but what has been added to our line. We would be pleased to show you, (more pleased to sell) but that is a secondary consideration, we really want you to know how complete our line is.

No. 1—Special Fancy Worsteds in plain and pin striped effects, handsome designs for spring showing, genuine Hair cloth front, all wool material, \$16.50, Saturday.... \$14

No. 2—Special Black and Blue Serges and Worsted, both narrow and wide wale, also fancy Cassimères Worsted, and Cheviots, each and every suit made up in the same good way as our higher priced goods. We have marked them very low at \$12.50, Saturday.... \$10

No. 3—A Special large showing of young men's Suits, pretty patterns by the score, made and trimmed correctly, they have the snap, the fit so much desired by all. Every suit with genuine hair cloth stiffener in front, they can't break down. Just as good as tailor-made, the only difference is half the price. \$12.50, \$13.50 suits for.... \$10

No. 4—The Exceptional Offer. All our 8.50 and \$9 Suits, spring styles, choice all wool material in Clay Worsted, fancy Cheviots and pin stripes. Saturday..... \$7.50

If you anticipate buying a Suit for Spring, we wish to have you give us a chance—better goods for the money cannot be found. Every article we sell has our personal guarantee. Hence you cannot go wrong.

AMOS. REHBERG & CO.

Shoes & Clothing. Two Complete Depts.

Spring Opening Sale,

10 Per Cent. Discount.

March 17th to 22nd., '02

Our stock of Shoes and Oxfords is certainly complete and we want everyone to inspect same and see if what we say is not right, and as a Special Inducement for you to call, we will for one week give a special discount of 10 per cent. from the regular price on any Shoe in our store.

Men's Shoes from Stacy, Adams & Co., Florsheim & Co. Women's, Misses' and Children's Shoes direct from Eastern Manufacturers.

Maynard Shoe Co.

West End of Bridge.

The Foot Fitting Shoe Men.

GOOD VALUE AS A BACKGROUND.

We stand on our reputation, and offer our business experience as an inducement for your patronage. No doubt you will see the advantage of what we offer and be pleased with the way your order is cared for. Our complete stock of

Spring and Summer Suitings

is now here and we invite inspection. Spring Overcoats at all prices. Our same reasonable prices will prevail this season.

McDANIELS & AGHTERBERG.



THE JANESEVILLE GAZETTE

Entered at the post office at Janesville, Wisconsin, as second class matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION

Daily Edition, one year.....	\$6.00
Per Month.....	.50
Weekly Edition, one year.....	1.50

Long Distance Telephone No. 77.

Editorial Room.....

Business Office.....

WEATHER FORECAST.

Showers tonight, snow; much cold.

Sunday.

WRECKS AND WRECKERS.

A heavy train was speeding along at twenty miles an hour, when suddenly the engine left the track, and rolled down the embankment, followed by the baggage, express and smoker, while the day coaches and Pullmans, were badly shaken up. The night was dark and the wreck a bad one, but there were two or three men with dark lanterns, who paid no attention to the shrieks of the injured or the cries for help, for they had accomplished their purpose and were now busily engaged in securing plunder.

The work had been carefully planned and faithfully executed and as they hid in the bushes and watched the headlight as the engine rounded the curve a mile away, they said, "we'll have the contents of that express safe in fifteen minutes and the haul will be a good one, but we won't bother with the passengers," and so without a thought of human life, or regard for human suffering, they deliberately planned and witnessed a tragedy which brought suffering and death, leaving sorrow in many homes, and all to gratify greed for money.

The pathway of life is strewn with wrecks and, the highways bear the imprint of wreckers. The tragedies are not so startling as the wreck of the train, but in many cases they are just as real. The wreck of a human life is one of the saddest pictures ever witnessed, and when it is the result of deliberate planning or careless neglect, the responsibility is grave and startling.

The young man, or the veteran scoundrel, who plans to steal innocent virtue, and wreck the life of purity, is as dastardly a villain, as the dark lanterner train robber, and while the country may not be aroused to administered vengeance, he deserves the same class of treatment.

The husband who thoughtlessly neglects his wife, until the neglect becomes second nature, seldom discovers the wreck he has wrought, until the curtain drops, and the tragedy is closed, but he is a wrecker, who should be held accountable.

The young man who goes out from a good home, and falls by the wayside because of evil influences and bad associations, becomes a wreck before he reaches the prime of life. The associations are the wreckers, yet there is no law that can reach them, and so the tragedies are multiplied.

Where wreckage is common, it is not at all surprising that efforts are constantly being made to safeguard society, the home, and the individual life. The church is recognized as the foundation of organized effort along these lines, and while it has accomplished much, and enjoys today numerical strength greater than at any time in its history, yet it is a recognized fact, and a fact that is causing concern, that at no time during the past half century, has there been so much indifference and carelessness concerning church obligations.

This spirit of indifference is not confined to locality, but is wide spread. A prominent Baptist divine in New York City recently said, that if people would not attend church more liberally, he would make a pulpit of the street corner, and adopt the primitive method used by the Master so long ago.

Various reasons are assigned for this indifference. One of them is that our foreign population is increasing so rapidly that well established American customs, and puritanical ideas are giving place to the more liberal policy of the old world, and that under the guise of personal liberty, which is frequently another name for license, the Sabbath is rapidly transformed from a holy day to a holiday. There is force in the argument, and while the land is noted for freedom of thought and action, it is evident to any observing mind, that this freedom is frequently abused. It is noticeable more particularly in the larger cities, where Sunday laws are ignored and violated. Every city enacts, and attempts to enforce a code of laws that have to do with the morals of the municipality. This class of laws reflect public sentiment in various localities. They are always as good as popular sentiment demands, and are enforced or neglected as popular will determines.

In the mining cities of the West, governed largely by adventurers, every thing is run wide open. Sunday laws are unknown and crime of various kinds is of daily occurrence. In most of the larger cities throughout the land, this class of laws are a dead letter. The sentiment which enacted them, has become weak and ineffective under the changed conditions and the barriers have been broken down, until the Sabbath of the modern American cities, represent in many respects the freedom and license of the old world, under the guise of personal liberty. This is a class of wreckage that is deplorable, yet defended not only by the wreckers, but by men in sympathy with them.

Another cause given for lack of interest in churches, and indifference concerning Sabbath observance, is the argument frequently used that Sunday is a rest day, and that men and women after toiling six days, are entitled to get out of the seventh, all there is in it in the way of rest and recreation.

This is not an imported argument, but it is popular in the American home, whose ancestry dates back to the blue laws of a century ago, and so out of these American Christians comes an army of men and women go out into life, indifferent to Sabbath and church obligations. They are good moral people, honest, thrifty and prosperous, but if the churches were dependent on them for either financial or moral support, there wouldn't be a church in the land.

As a result of this kind of indifference, there are many churches today struggling for existence, practically wrecked for lack of support. The wreckers are innocent, so far as intent is concerned, but the wreckage is a sad comment on this class of indifference.

The weakness of the nation today, both politically, morally and religiously, is the spirit of independence that defies many unwritten laws, and ignores others that have to do with questions of principles that are vital to permanent welfare. Theology is sacrificed to advanced thought, time honored customs are abolished, because considered out of date, liberty transformed to license and populistic theories fascinate a restless constituency.

All of these influences are demoralizing and have tendency to weaken foundations.

What the nation needs is a quickened conscience along many lines, and this can only be accomplished through individual life. Personal responsibility is the only safeguard.

It prevents personal wreckage, and contributes to public well being.

RELIGIOUS HAZING.

Prof. Kent, of Yale, at the head of the department of Biblical literature, has gained cheap notoriety by defending college hazing. The professor claims that the practice dates back to the time of Joseph and his brothers and that when the latter cast their younger brother into the pit, and afterward sold him into bondage, that the young upstart needed that sort of treatment to take the conceit out of him, and that in the light of future events, history proves that it was the best thing that could possibly have happened to him.

The logic of the learned gentleman may be good; he may be bright exponent of theology. He may be surrounded by a class of young men who lack backbone, and who require stimulating along these lines. But his argument will not meet with popular approval. While it is true that the average boy is angular, and possessed of many corners that need knocking off and smoothing down, it is also true that this work is accomplished without resorting to brutality, for which modern hazing is noted.

The professor stands alone, as the first defender of ancient or modern times, of the brothers who perpetrated the double crime of cruelty and deception. A distinction of which he has occasion to be proud. Whether he has written a book like Pearson of Evanston, and takes this method to special reason Mr. Babcock and the Congressional committee have in taking snap judgment on the voters by calling the convention on April 24, about six months before election, is not evident. Considerable objection was raised two years ago to this method, and is as much as there seems to be no candidate to oppose Mr. Babcock, some little respect should be shown the public. But it is just such methods that finally run their course.

Ex-Governor Hogg, of Texas, is willing to sell Englishmen stock in his oil companies, but he balked on wearing the regulation court costume required of callers on the king. Hogg, it does not appear on the surface. The practice is condemned by all colleges, and every effort is made to abolish it. Professor Kent has joined himself to the little coterie of theological cranks, and the faculty of Yale, will lose nothing by turning him loose. The American people do not endorse his theories on physical and mental development, and they should not be asked to pay for that kind of instruction.

THE THOROUGHBREDS

An organization to be known as the "Thoroughbreds" was created behind closed doors at the Park Hotel last evening. It was a star chamber company, gathered by special invitation, claiming to have for its object the redemption and salvation of the republican party. The present administration was endorsed and a watchword of loyalty adopted. Col. E. O. Kimberley enlivened the program with song. Captain Vankirk looked after the turkeys, C. E. Bowles will be the watchdog of the treasury and John Fisher will act as scribe. Thomas Earle of Edgerton will be the presiding officer.

The combination, sixty-eight strong will make an effort to capture the republicans of the county. If they succeed they will be recognized as the champions of the republican party, and in case of failure, they promise to be true and loyal.

The club does not like the term "half-breed," neither is it in love with the title or principles of the "stalwarts," so it compromised on the middle ground of "Thoroughbreds."

The name is significant and the antics of the organization will be watched with interest. Most people are satisfied to be well bred and do not aspire to the distinction of thoroughbreds. Too much is expected of that kind of stock and results when disappointing breed discontent.

Interest in churches, and indifference concerning Sabbath observance, is the argument frequently used that Sunday is a rest day, and that men and women after toiling six days, are entitled to get out of the seventh, all there is in it in the way of rest and recreation.

will be found the text of a bill now pending before congress that is well worth encouraging. Postal currency would be of great convenience to farmers, as well as others who do not enjoy ready bank facilities.

The good officers of the National Civic Federation, resulted in the satisfactory settlement of the Boston strike. The time should come when all differences between capital and labor will be settled by peaceable arbitration. A strike is always deplorable.

The jealousy of Paderewski came near breaking up an entertainment at Cleveland the other night. The erratic musician was enraged because a violinist was advertised on his program. Music seems to have cloven feet, as well as charms.

Harvard University will have the finest medical college in the land, made possible by liberal donations from wealthy men. The endowment fund amounted to about \$5,000,000, and permanency is assured.

Cecil Rhodes, the South African diamond King, is dangerously ill, and the chances for his recovery are extremely doubtful.

The Iowa legislature has killed woman suffrage, and made a stab at railroads, not creditable to the state.

PRESS COMMENT.

The campaign for the Republican gubernatorial nomination can now be said to have opened. The Milwaukee Free Press, the official organ of the reformers, is being sent to voters of this city and county by the thousands. It is as free as the air we breathe.

One of the weakest attacks upon Whitehead by the "reform crowd" is that of casting reflections upon his moral character. There never was a debater who gained anything by attacking his opponent's personal character.—Palmyra Enterprise.

By far the greater proportion of the republican papers of the state demand a candidate who will not attempt to constitute himself the whole thing.—Racine Journal.

Have you noticed how much better oil we are getting since the campaign is getting warmer, and how much better the prairie chickens and partridges are being protected? It's these things even if they do come high.—Grant Co. Witness.

Plattville Witness: Just what special reason Mr. Babcock and the Congressional committee have in taking snap judgment on the voters by calling the convention on April 24, about six months before election, is not evident. Considerable objection was raised two years ago to this method, and is as much as there seems to be no candidate to oppose Mr. Babcock, some little respect should be shown the public. But it is just such methods that finally run their course.

Oshkosh Northwestern: This is the season of the year when the grocery stores are loaded up with maple sugar which is alleged to be "perfectly fresh and absolutely pure." A good share of it, however, has a suspicious look and taste and when you find it has come from Vermont or New York by the way of Chicago it helps explain it.

Ex-Governor Hogg, of Texas, is willing to sell Englishmen stock in his oil companies, but he balked on wearing the regulation court costume required of callers on the king. Hogg, it does not appear on the surface. The practice is condemned by all colleges, and every effort is made to abolish it. Professor Kent has joined himself to the little coterie of theological cranks, and the faculty of Yale, will lose nothing by turning him loose. The American people do not endorse his theories on physical and mental development, and they should not be asked to pay for that kind of instruction.

VERY CLEVER.

An old farmer hearing the remark that "the legislature hadn't the time to pass the necessary tax acts," remarked, "It is a pretty how they do that the legislature was in four months, from January till May, and couldn't find time. What were the members doing? We must have a new set of members controlled by nobody."—Appleton Crescent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OPERATORS at once! (Railroad experience not necessary.) Send 2c for application blank. PARIS, Ind., C. P. Railway Clerical Co., South Bend, Ind.

LOST—a female Irish setter. Color liver and white. Finder please return or notify Otto Schieber, 35 Terrace street.

PERSONAL—Attractive, unencumbered and independently wealthy, good character and disposition, would marry for love and companionship. Mr. Percival, Room D, 404 Vine, Cincinnati, Ohio.

CLARIVOX TRANCE MEDIUM—Reads

Clairvoyant, TRANCE MEDIUM—Reads

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

WATCH IT! Watch the Urine, should it contain a "brick-dust" like deposit; should it be too highly colored: should urination be too frequent, painful in passage or irregular in any way, 'tis a serious matter—demands attention. When the kidneys fail in their work—when their delicate fibrous filters become clogged they warn you through the back. The back has many aches and pains from kidney ills. Help the kidneys when they're sick—help them before congestion or inflammation makes you miserable; before urinary disorders appear.

Doan's Kidney Pills relieve the kidneys, cure the aching back and every kidney ill down to dangerous Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's Disease. Positive proof of the efficacy of Doan's Kidney Pills in the testimony of friends and neighbors.

Janesville Proof

SOUTH RIVER ST.

Mrs. S. L. Beden, of 64 S. River St. says: "During two or three years, I suffered most of the time with a terrible dragging down pain in my back just over the kidneys. It was very trying when I was at work, and if I did any lifting my bladder became effected, causing me considerable annoyance. I also had attacks of headaches, which seemed like congestion in the top and back of my head. When I read about Doan's Kidney Pills I did not have any too much confidence in them but my daughter got a box at the People's Drug Co.'s store and persuaded me to use them. They took right hold and made a wonderful change in my condition. I hardly realized how bad I was until Doan's Kidney Pills brought me relief from the afflictions."

GET DOAN'S. Don't accept a substitute. Nothing else as good. No other kidney remedy endorsed by people you know.



Janesville Proof

RACINE STREET.

Mr. E. T. Fish, of 365 Racine St. proprietor of the Fish Dray Line, says: "When I was twenty years of age I fell injured my back, and ever since that I was troubled more or less with a dull aching pain across the loins. It never laid me up but it was often painful and annoying. Of late years I have gone to a physician every six months and had myself thoroughly examined, under the impression that there might be something wrong with my kidneys. The diagnosis always resulting in the physician claiming these organs were sound, but as the pains existed when I happened to notice in our Janesville papers that Doan's Kidney Pills were guaranteed to cure just such troubles, I purchased a box at the People's Drug Co.'s store, and took them. Doan's Kidney Pills are a good preparation. My back has not ached since I used them. I have heard others speak very complimentary of them and if I did not know their merit and required such a medicine I would consider it a favor if some one suggested their use to me. For this reason I endorse them."

All Druggists sell DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. Price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y., Sole Proprietor.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

THE INVENTION OF BASKET BALL.

How Dr. Naismith Founded the Most Popular Indoor Pastime of Today.

To Dr. James Naismith, physical director of the University of Kansas, belongs the distinction of being the inventor of basket ball, now the leading gymnasium game of the world. The game was first played in 1892 at the International Y. M. C. A. training school at Springfield, Mass., when Dr. Naismith was a professor at that institution. The sport is now in its tenth season.

Dr. Naismith says in the first pamphlet published on basket ball, in 1892, "Basket ball is not a game intended merely for amusement, but it is the attempted solution of a problem that has



DR. JAMES NAISMITH, INVENTOR OF BASKET BALL.

been pressing on physical educators. Most of the games which are played out of doors are unsuitable for indoors, and consequently whenever the season closes the game, together with all the benefits derived therefrom, is dropped.

It is true that some players have been accustomed to keep up a desultory kind of training, but it lacked the all around development that is so requisite and very often failed to give that training for the heart and lungs which is so desirable. A number of gymnasiums have running tracks, but it is uninteresting to run around a gallery so many times a day."

There were certain conditions which Dr. Naismith saw must be filled. The game should be such that it could be played on any kind of a surface. A gymnasium floor, a room, a lot or field should be a suitable place to play the game. Then it should be such that a large number of men could play it at once. It should afford general exercise. No part of the body should be neglected.

"The game should be attractive, so that it would be played for pleasure. The game must also be free from the element of roughness, which has al-

ways been such a strong argument against football and other strenuous pastimes."

The successful game is one in which a ball is kicked, carried or in some way propelled toward some goal. In the new game, therefore, it was thought best to have a ball. Next, it was seen that, unless the ball was soft, injuries would likely be sustained. It was essential that the game be easy and simple to learn, and to this end a large ball, to be touched with the hands only, was chosen.

Dr. Naismith knew that tackling was the cause of many accidents in football and that tackling was necessary if a basket ball player was to carry the ball. He accordingly decided to eliminate all carrying or holding of the ball. It was also evident that if the game were played on a door it would be necessary that there be no pushing, tripping or any action that might cause a player to fall or to come in contact with the walls of the building. Since the hands were to be used so much, there would undoubtedly be a temptation to strike with the fist at the ball, and if this were allowed it would certainly result in a broken nose or a bruised eye for some one.

The circumstances which led up to the first game of basket ball are rather interesting. In the training school was a class of eighteen or twenty men, ranging in ages from twenty to twenty-eight years. The football season had just closed, and as many of the members of this class had played football they found the regular gymnasium work very dull. They made life so miserable for two of the instructors who attempted to take charge of the class that both gave it up, and Dr. Naismith was asked to try his hand at teaching them.

The doctor started his brain factory up in full blast and finally evolved a game which he thought would satisfy the men. He formed a set of rules, and the students were quick to see the attractive points of the new sport. They started in with vim and determination and were largely responsible for making basket ball the most popular indoor game of a decade.

Restores vim, vigor, mental and physical power, fills your body with warm, tiring life. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents. Smiths' Pharmacy.

Only \$33.45 to California Via C. M. & St. P. R. R.

Daily during March and April, correspondingly low rates to all points west and northwest. For full information call at C. M. & St. P. R. R. passenger station.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

JANESVILLE MARKET PRICES

Quotations on Grain and Produce Are Reported for The Gazette.

Reported by R. E. McGuire.

Mar. 12, 1902

WHEAT—Winter 50¢ per sack.

BUCKWHEAT—\$1.25 per cwt.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Retails at 33¢ per cwt.

RYE—60¢ per bu.

RALPH—5¢ per bu.

CORN—Ear, 25¢ per ton.

OATS—Common to best, white, 45¢ to 55¢ per bu.

CLOVER HAY—\$1.25 per cwt.

TIMOTHY HAY—\$1.50 to \$1.75 per cwt.

PFERD—\$2 per ton. \$1.25 to 100 lbs.

HORN—\$1.00 per ton. 45¢ per cwt.

MIDDLEHORN—\$1.25 per 100 lbs. \$1.50 per ton.

MEAL—\$1.25 per 100 lbs. \$1.50 per ton.

HAY—Clover, 35¢ to 50¢; Timothy, 12.00 to 15.00 per wild, 5¢ to 12¢ per ton.

BRAIN—\$7 per cwt. for oat and rye

POTATOES—\$2.50 to \$3 per bu.

BEANS—\$1.25 per bu.

BUTTER—Best dairy, 42¢ to 52¢.

Eggs—12¢ per dozen, for fresh.

POULTRY—Springers, 10¢; hens, 8¢; turkeys 10¢ lb.

WOOL—Washed, 19¢ to 30¢; unwashed, 15¢ to 20¢.

HIDES—5¢ to 6¢.

PELTS—Quotable at 10¢ to 30¢.

CATTLE—\$2.00 to \$2.50 per cwt.

HOGS—\$5.00 to \$10 per cwt.

SHEEP—25¢ to 50¢ per lb.; lambs, 18¢ to 15¢.

Now's the time to take Rocky Mountain Tea; keeps the whole family well. A great medicine for spring and fall tiredness. 35¢. Smiths' Pharmacy.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25 cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

J. P. Baker, Geo. E. King & Co., E. B. Helmstreet, Smith's Pharmacy, People's Drug Co., Janesville, Wis.

Homeseekers' Excursions Via C. & N. W. Ry.

March 4th and April 1 and 15, May

6 and 20. On above dates the C. & N. W. Ry. will sell homeseekers' tickets to points northwest, west and southwest, at rates of one fare plus \$2.00 for the round trip, limit 21 days. "The best of everything." For free particulars apply to ticket agent of C. & N. W. passenger depot. Tel. No. 35.

The doctor started his brain factory up in full blast and finally evolved a game which he thought would satisfy the men. He formed a set of rules, and the students were quick to see the attractive points of the new sport. They started in with vim and determination and were largely responsible for making basket ball the most popular indoor game of a decade.

Restores vim, vigor, mental and physical power, fills your body with warmth, tiring life. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents. Smiths' Pharmacy.

Only \$33.45 to California Via C. M. & St. P. R. R.

Daily during March and April, correspondingly low rates to all points west and northwest. For full information call at C. M. & St. P. R. R. passenger station.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Very Low One Way Settler Rates Via

C. M. & St. P. R. R.

March 11th, 18th and 25th and Ap-

ril 1st and 8th to all points in North

and South Dakota. Full particulars

at passenger station.

Brazilian Balm

Grip, Coughs, Crisp.

10¢. 25¢.

Fast black, regular price 8¢

Boys' and misses' fine rib stockings, reinforced knees and heels, double sole, guaranteed fast black, regular price 25¢ while they last at

Fay Stockings, good, heavy quality, fast black, reg. price, 35c, 40c, and 45c

while they last at

25¢

Boys' and misses' fine rib stockings, reinforced knees and heels, double sole, guaranteed fast black, regular price 25¢ while they last at

15¢

100 Pieces of dress Ginghams, at reduced prices. The patterns are all new. The regu-

lar price is 9¢ per yard, for this sale

6¢

100 pieces of light and dark prints, good qual-

ity, cheap at 6¢, this sale

4¢

18 South Main Street.

Fleury Dry Goods Co.

WEATHER FORECAST

Probably showers tonight and Saturday.

Our Record-Breaking Sale!

These Important Merchandise Events are attracting thousands of people and the splendid value giving is causing comment everywhere. This Sale will last for six days.

Notions.

Prints..

1 Package wire Hair Pins, containing 6 small packages, for this sale

Paper needle pointed Pins

Steel Hair Pins, each

1 Pair Tubular Shoe Laces

1 Pair Gorset Laces

1 Dozen agate Buttons

1 Steel or Illuminum thimble

Card triplets Hooks & Eyes

Steel & bone Crochet hooks

1 Paper Stuarts safety Pins

1 dozen kid Curlers

1 bunch finishing braid

Curling Irons

Black Rubber Combs

Cube Black Toilet Pins

Cabinet assorted Hair Pins

Tooth Brushes

Children's black elastic Hose

Supporters, in all sizes

We have just received another shipment of new prints in light and dark patterns. These goods are usually sold at 3½¢, this sale for

50 Pieces of new, light colored shirting prints for

5c

Dress Goods

These goods are new and you are sure to find what you want in the line of dress goods at this store, our prices never were so low before.

38-inch black Brocade, regular price 45¢ values, this sale

The News From County Towns.

RICHMOND.

Richmond, March 13.—Miss Bessie Fairchild, who has been spending the past two months with her sister at the parsonage, expects to return to her home in Danville, Ill., this week.

Will Jones, of Johnstown, was a caller at Chas. Stoller's Tuesday.

Rev. and Mrs. Judy and sister spent Tuesday at James Morton's.

Miss Pearle Smith closes the winter term of school in District No. 2 next week.

Mrs. Judy is the possessor of a fine new piano recently purchased of Mr. Burgett.

Misses Ruby and Josephine Taylor, of Delavan, were visitors at the home of Mrs. Nutt, Friday and Saturday.

ROCK PRAIRIE.

Rock Prairie, March 13.—The bright sunshine has once more returned.

A very interesting series of sermons are being preached each Sabbath at the U. P. Church, subject, Conversion.

Miss Pearl Phillips returned from Delavan last week.

Mae and John Clark are recovering from the grippe and their vaccination.

Mr. James Gurnsey is here from Minnesota, to see about packing up his mother's goods. They will return in a few days.

KOSHKONONG.

Koshkonong, March 13.—Mrs. F. B. Stedman and Mrs. T. F. Johnson, were in Janesville Saturday.

Miss Nellie Kilian will close school Friday for a short vacation.

Phil Westrick is moving onto the White farm, near Milton.

There was a good attendance at the box social held at James Stewart's, Tuesday evening, in spite of the bad weather and all had a good time.

Mr. and Mrs. Fern Stewart entertained a party of neighbors and friends at their home last Thursday evening.

JOHNSTOWN.

Johnstown, March 14.—Cards have been received announcing the wedding of Mr. Coulter and Miss Nettie Butter, which took place at the home of the groom's mother, in town. Miss Butter was a most estimable lady and for the past year was employed as clerk in Bort, Bailey & Co.'s store, and left last Monday evening as usual, but in stead of going home, took the train to meet her would-be husband. Her many friends extend congratulations. Mr. Coulter is a prosperous farmer and held in high esteem by a host of friends. They will make their home in South Dakota.

With the mild weather and spring birds, seems as though spring were near at hand.

Walter Kelley has rented the Smayling village property and will commence keeping house soon.

Frank Nisken, our village blacksmith, made a Janesville business trip last Saturday.

Herman Smayling sold ten head of cows to Johnstown parties the first of the week.

EAST LEYDEN.

East Leyden, March 14.—From all appearances, spring is close at hand.

Miss Clara Ross, of Emerald Grove, spent a few days of last week with her brother Fred.

Mrs. S. Crall, of Center, spent Wednesday afternoon at Mrs. A. Drapier.

Mrs. O. Donkle and daughter visited friends in the Town of Porter on Thursday.

Mr. Judd McCarthy, of Cooksville, was a genial caller on Saturday.

Mrs. Kathryn Ford, of Cooksville, closed another very successful term of school on Saturday, with appropriate exercises. During her stay of nearly two years with us, she has made many friends, and the school has rapidly improved under her splendid supervision, and it is to be very much regretted that her services cannot be obtained for the spring term. Miss Ford having accepted another position near home. May success attend her.

MILTON JUNCTION.

Milton Junction, March 14.—Dell Brown and family started for their new home in Colorado, Monday.

At the League contest, held at Brodhead, Tuesday evening, Ward Burdick received first prize and one of the Brodhead contestants, second. Our school will therefore be repre-

sented at the Whitewater contest in April. This school also lacked only one point of obtaining the banner. About forty from here attended the contest.

Miss Louise Hayes, of Janesville, has been the guest of Miss Nettie Coon, this week.

Mrs. D. E. Thorpe is visiting in Delavan.

Robert Granger, of Allens Grove, is a guest at the home of C. W. Fox.

Mrs. Frank Fleming and Mrs. Gertrude Peterson, are spending a few days at A. D. Conkey's.

Mrs. Isaiah Waadle accompanied her daughter, Mrs. A. M. Guernsey to her new home, near Marshfield, Wednesday.

ALBION.

Albion, March 14.—At the annual meeting of the Farmers' Creamery Association, last week, the old board of directors were re-elected. At the close of the meeting Mr. P. L. Pierce, of Sumner, addressed those present on the subject of a tobacco growers association.

The following is the annual report of the Farmers' Creamery for the past year: Number pounds milk received, 6,166,831; No. lbs. butter made, 2,986,804; amount of money received, \$61,895.27; average price of butter, 21c; average oil test, 45c; average price per hundred pounds, 92c; average price of 4 per cent. milk, 86c; total expense, 4,982.82, of which \$886.64 of this expense is reserve fund. Paid patrons, \$56,912.45; lowest price paid per 100 lbs., 80c; highest price paid per 100 lbs., \$1.14.

A concert will be given by the Academy on the evening of March 20th.

Mrs. Mildred Frink, of Milton Junction, who has been working at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Biven for the past few weeks, returned home last week.

Special meetings are being held in the church evenings. Mrs. Townsend, of Milton, is assisting pastor Dukeck in conducting them.

The Junior C. E. held a social Thursday evening, at the home of their Superintendent, Mrs. G. E. Crowley.

ROCK RIVER

Rock River, March 14.—The Rock River school has closed until the spring term owing to the dangerous illness of Mrs. Cole's mother, Mrs. Oshorne.

Bert Wolstrum is now the possessor of a fine new carriage.

The Ladies' Society will hold its next meeting with Mrs. Hattie Pierce on Thursday afternoon, March 13th. All are requested to be present.

Several from here attended the funeral of Mr. Stillman at Milton on Thursday forenoon. Mrs. Stillman was a teacher in former times in the Rock River school.

Mrs. Thorpe and family are moving this week to their new home in Janesville. They will be greatly missed in this community and the best wishes of a host of friends and neighbors follow them to their new home.

George Rachel expects to take up his abode in his bachelor quarters this week.

Owing to bad roads the social was not largely attended last Thursday evening and will be held again on March 19th at Lee Van Horn's.

An oyster supper was held at G. E. Brightman's by the Rock River. Young people last Saturday evening, about thirty were in attendance. The evening passed pleasantly with games music and supper and a splendid time is reported by all present.

SHOPIERE

Shoپiere, Wis., March 14.—The funeral services of John Shimeall were held at the M. E. Church on Monday afternoon at two o'clock, March 3rd. Rev. J. H. Bulley officiating. The song service was rendered by Miss Nellie Cummings, Miss Ida Sweet, R. R. Overton and Ralph Ward. Mrs. Overton was at the organ. Pall bearers were Henry Case, C. Howard, K. Howard, Ed. Billings, Mert Trueblood, C. Vandalder. The remains were laid at rest in the Shoپiere cemetery.

Farmers are getting ready for the spring's work. Some farmers near Ithiel have been breaking sod already and if the warm weather continues they will all be at work soon.

Mrs. Hattie Howe and daughter of Janesville visited relatives at Shoپiere the past week.

Thomas Nickles from Minneapolis, Minn., arrived here Saturday and will make his home with Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Weirick.

A social will be held at the M. E. church on Friday evening, March 14th and a cordial invitation is extended to all.

Mrs. Fern is having her well drilled.

Mrs. Hattie Buck of Chicago came out on Thursday on account of the illness of her uncle, F. A. Humphrey. Joseph Head was shaking hands with his old friends one day last week. The winter wheat and rye looks well since the snow went off and promises a good crop.

The royal Neighbors were treated to fruit and cake at their last meeting by the prize winners—Mrs. Parker and Mrs. Schenk.

Fred Humphrey is improving a little from the injuries he received last week.

N. Jones has finished moving Haggart's buildings. The masons and carpenters are at work now on the same.

The ladies of the M. E. Church will hold a social Friday evening in the parlors of the church. Program and supper prepared. A good time promised to all who come. Admission 10 cents.

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MILTON JUNCTION.

Milton Junction, March 14.—A large delegation are planning to attend the contest at Brodhead this evening.

Miss Maud Thorpe spent Sunday at home.

Clinton Chamberlin and wife have returned from an extended stay at Sheridan, Ill.

Achille Mills has been quite sick with an attack of tonsillitis, but is now much better.

G. A. Crandall and family expect to move soon to the John Marquardt farm east of Milton, which they will work the coming year.

REPUBLICAN CITY CONVENTION

The Republican City Convention will be held at the Council Chamber in the City of Janesville, on Friday, March 21, at 2 o'clock p.m., to nominate candidates to be voted for at the ensuing municipal election, and to elect a City Committee.

Nominations are to be made for the following offices:

City Treasurer, City Attorney, School Commissioner-at-Large, Justice of the Peace.

The several wards will hold their caucuses on Thursday, March 20, 1902, and elect delegates to said convention:

First ward, eight (8).

Second ward, six (6).

Third ward, ten (10).

Fourth ward, seven (7).

Fifth ward, three (3).

All caucuses will open at 7:30 o'clock p.m., and continue one hour, as provided by law.

Dated March 8, 1902.

F. KOEHLIN, Chm.

A. C. JENKINS, Sec'y.

WARD CAUCUSES.

First Ward.

The First ward reported its caucus for the nomination of ward candidates as follows: An Alderman, Supervisor, and a Constable, and to elect eight (8) delegates to the City Convention.

The several wards will hold their caucuses on Thursday, March 20, 1902, and elect delegates to said convention:

First ward, eight (8).

Second ward, six (6).

Third ward, ten (10).

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All caucuses will open at 7:30 o'clock p.m., and continue one hour, as provided by law.

Dated March 8, 1902.

F. KOEHLIN, Chm.

A. C. JENKINS, Sec'y.

WARD CAUCUSES.

Second Ward.

The Second ward reported its caucus for the nomination of ward candidates as follows: An Alderman, Supervisor, and a Constable, and to elect eight (8) delegates to the City Convention.

The several wards will hold their caucuses on Thursday, March 20, 1902, and elect delegates to said convention:

First ward, eight (8).

Second ward, six (6).

Third ward, ten (10).

Fourth ward, seven (7).

Fifth ward, three (3).

All caucuses will open at 7:30 o'clock p.m., and continue one hour, as provided by law.

Dated March 8, 1902.

F. KOEHLIN, Chm.

A. C. JENKINS, Sec'y.

WARD CAUCUSES.

Third Ward.

The Third ward Republican caucus for the nomination of ward candidates as follows: An Alderman, Supervisor, and a Constable, and to elect ten (10) delegates to the City Convention, to be held for the nomination of candidates to be voted for at the ensuing City election, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the caucus, will be held at the voting booth on Court street, in this city, on Thursday, March 20, 1902, beginning at 7:30 p.m., and continuing one hour, as provided by law.

Dated March 8, 1902.

F. KOEHLIN, Chm.

A. C. JENKINS, Sec'y.

WARD CAUCUSES.

Fourth Ward.

The Fourth ward Republican caucus for the nomination of ward candidates as follows: An Alderman, Supervisor, and a Constable, and to elect ten (10) delegates to the City Convention, to be held for the nomination of candidates to be voted for at the ensuing City election, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the caucus, will be held at the voting booth on Court street, in this city, on Thursday, March 20, 1902, beginning at 7:30 p.m., and continuing one hour, as provided by law.

Dated March 8, 1902.

F. KOEHLIN, Chm.

MR. BOWSER'S DIARY

HE PREPARES A QUEER MEMORANDUM OF DAY'S HAPPENINGS.

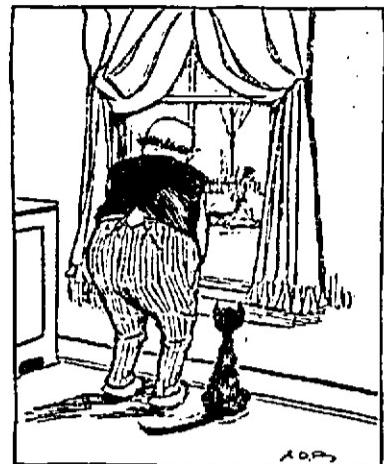
Jots Down Many Things as an Aid to Future Historians—Time and Place of Meeting Suspicious Characters Carefully Noted.

(Copyright, 1902, by C. B. Lewis.)

AFTER Mr. Bowser had smoked his cigar and finished his newspaper the other evening he took a memorandum book from his pocket and began writing in it, and after awhile Mrs. Bowser remarked:

"You seem to have got a new idea. What is it you have been writing in that book for the last three nights?"

"Perhaps I can make you understand," he replied after the lapse of



"SAW A MAN PASSING ALONG, FOLLOWED BY A DOG."

two or three minutes. "Can you remember what happened to you at 10 o'clock in the forenoon day before yesterday?"

"Nothing happened."

"That is, the house didn't catch fire or any one attempt to murder you, but nevertheless things may have happened to send a man to state prison or clear him of a grave charge. The gravest cases sometimes turn upon the merest trifles. The life of a man in St. Louis was saved the other day because a woman remembered seeing him in an alley at a certain hour."

"And so you are jotting down things to save human life?" she queried.

"It may be. At any rate, I have set out to jot down most of the happenings of each day, and no one can say what results may follow. History may be made of some of my memoranda."

"Heavens, woman, must you always lug sore heels, toe nails and porous pinholes into a conversation?" shouted Mr. Bowser as a rich red color showed in his face.

"But you are complaining of your toe," she protested.

"That may be, but don't mingle toes



MRS. BOWSER HURRIED DOWN TO FIND HIM SITTING UP IN A DAZE.

and brains. But for the diaries and memorandum books left behind by the people of the past where would our historians have secured their material?"

"And what have you jotted down thus far for the benefit of future history?"

"Nothing of much account, but I have been at work only three days. I think my jotting might help to unravel a few mysteries, however. I will read you what I have written:

"Wednesday.—Arose at the usual hour. Looked out of the window and saw a man passing along, followed by a dog. Man had a disreputable appearance and a furtive look. Usual breakfast. Left the house at the usual hour. Saw a man on the street car with blue goggles on. He seemed anxious to escape observation. Wonder if there is any connection between him and the man with the dog."

"I think there is," replied Mrs. Bowser. "I think the man with the dog watched outside while the goggle-eyed man sneaked in and drove the dagger to the poor baby's heart."

Mr. Bowser glared at her for a minute, and his hair could be heard curling, but with a powerful effort he held onto himself and continued:

"Thursday.—Arose as usual. Thermometer stood at 45 degrees above. Usual slip slop breakfast. Had scarcely left the house when I encountered the furtive looking man again. He had disguised himself, but I knew him at once. His dog was not following him."

"The poor animal had probably got tired out," said Mrs. Bowser, who wanted to get even for the "slip slop breakfast."

"Your case will be attended to later

on, and I will now read the rest: Had scarcely taken the street car when I saw the man with the goggles. He was greatly perturbed, and it was evident that my presence upset him. I saw a wink pass between him and a man with a wart on his chin. Goggles left the car by the front door while I was arguing with a man who had stepped on my toes, but I can give the police his description. Arrived home at the usual hour. Mrs. Bowser you'd bring up in the poorhouse because the cat in the hall to welcome me."

"Is that all for Thursday?" asked Mrs. Bowser as he paused.

"Yes."

"Why didn't you add that you kicked the front door open when you arrived and that you told Mrs. Bowser you'd bring up in the poorhouse because you found a broken clothespin at the gate?"

"By thunder, woman, you are going too far, too far!" he shouted as he rose up. "If I sat down here to read a chapter from the Bible, you'd manage to turn it to ridicule. You seem to have less and less sense as time passes."

"I was just wondering what the future historian would find in your notes to make history on," she quietly replied.

"How can we tell that the man with the dog is not a red handed anarchist plotting against the life of the mayor? If so, my notes will convict him."

"I think he works in every stable down the street, and I have seen him and his dog a hundred times."

"But the man with the goggles? Suppose he is a seditionist."

"Oh, the man with the goggles lived on the next block, and he got pepper in his eyes two weeks ago. Our own doctor attended him. I can't exactly understand how you saw him wink at another man. Did one of the goggles

will do. It will make baby's coming easy and painless, and that without taking dangerous drugs into the system. It is simply to be applied to the muscles of the abdomen. It penetrates through the skin carrying strength and elasticity with it. It strengthens the whole system and prevents all of the discomforts of pregnancy."

The mother of a plumb babe in Panama, Mo., says: "I have used Mother's Friend and can praise it highly."

Woman's Life....

is hard enough as it is. It is to her that we owe our world, and everything should be made as easy as possible for her at the time of childbirth. This is just what

Mother's Friend

will do. It will make baby's coming easy and painless, and that without taking dangerous drugs into the system. It is simply to be applied to the muscles of the abdomen. It penetrates through the skin carrying strength and elasticity with it. It strengthens the whole system and prevents all of the discomforts of pregnancy."

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The mother of a plumb babe in Panama, Mo., says: "I have used Mother's Friend and can praise it highly."

Get Mother's Friend at the Drug Store, \$1 per bottle.

Write for our free illustrated book, "Before Baby is Born."

The Bradfield Regulator Co., ATLANTA, GA.

Leave for our free illustrated book, "Before Baby is Born."

New Line of FURNITURE At Second Hand Prices.

We handle new Furniture as well as second hand and quote prices 33 1/3 per cent. lower than exclusive furniture stores. Second Hand Goods of all kinds wanted.

J. T. WAGGONER & CO.
215 West Milwaukee St.
New Phone 761.

SECOND HAND FURNITURE

very often means exceptional chances to secure substantial and rare household goods, only the price is lower. We buy the best of second hand stuff only. If you have something to sell we'll be glad to look at it and tell you what its worth to us.

G. A. CROSSMAN,
88 North Main Street.

Easter Flowers...

We always furnish seasonable Flowers, and just now we're preparing with a stock of Easter Lillies. You'll find some fine, large growing plants here. Plenty of beauty in the flowers, plenty of strength in the plants. They'll give you pleasure for weeks.

LINN ST. GREEN HOUSE
E. Amerpehl, Prop.

333-333-333-333-333-333

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK.

A. H. SPENCER,

Local Agent. Room 310 Hayes Block

John Cunningham, Attorney.
STATE OF WISCONSIN, COUNTY COURT
For Rock County—in Probate—
Notes hereby given that at a special term of the county court to be held in and for said county on the 21st day of March, 1902, before the 18th day of March, 1902, at 9 o'clock in the morning, the following matter will be heard and considered:

The application of Elmer Blumham to admit to probate the last will and testament of Lucius Blumham late of the town of Milton, in said county deceased.

Dated February 21, 1902.

By the Court
J. W. SALE,
County Judge,
JOHN CUNNINGHAM, Atty. for Petitioner

Criterion

Beyond a Doubt

The Headwear

OF THE
John B. Stetson
Company

IS MORE IN DEMAND THAN EVER

The Spring Styles...

Soft Hats

Are Here.

We Take Orders for Fancy and White...

SHIRTINGS

A Very Pleasing Book of Samples

Now Ready for Inspection.

T. J. ZIEGLER,
E. J. SMITH, Manager

Corner Main and Milwaukee Sts. — Janesville

Quality.

Variety.

BADGER COAL CO.

FUEL.

City Office at People's Drug Store.

PHONE 636

Honesty

Rapidity

Well Babies Are Good Babies

MOST LITTLE BABIES DIE, either from bowel troubles or from diseases which they contract because they are in a weak and feeble condition from bowel troubles.

Mothers who are seeking the ideal and proper medicine to give their little ones for constipation, diarrhea, colic and simple fevers will find LAXAKOLA the great family remedy.

It is the best and most effective laxative for children. BEST because it is safe and made entirely of harmless ingredients. BEST because it is non-irritating and never gives pain or irritation. BEST because it is sure and never fails. BEST because "Children like it and ask for it."

It is a dangerous thing to give little babies violent remedies that rock and rend their little bodies. DON'T DO IT—give them LAXAKOLA.

A few drops can be given with safety to very young babies, and will often relieve colic by expelling the wind and gas that cause it, and it also will check simple fevers, break up colds and clear the coated tongue.

Great relief is experienced when administered to young children suffering from diarrhea, accompanied with white or green evacuations, from the fact that LAXAKOLA neutralizes the acidity of the bowels and carries out the cause of fermentation, aids digestion, relieves restlessness, assists nature and induces sleep.

LAXAKOLA FOR WOMEN.

It is a gentle and safe remedy to use during all conditions of health of the gentle sex whenever their peculiar and delicate constitutions require a mild and safe cathartic. It is invaluable in assisting to relieve old and chronic cases of constipation.

It improves the complexion, brightens the eyes, strengthens the heart, removes rheumatism, neuralgia, headache, stiffness, dizziness, drowsiness, quenches the thirst, removes the feverish condition of the skin and relieves the various symptoms which otherwise would be experienced.

It is a safe and reliable remedy for the removal of the various symptoms of the disease, such as headache, stiffness, drowsiness, dizziness, drowsiness, quenches the thirst, removes the feverish condition of the skin and relieves the various symptoms which otherwise would be experienced.

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GRANT TO THE FRONT

Fort Henry and
the Road to Don-
elson, Feb. 6,
1862.

(Copyright, 1902, by G. L. Kilmer.)

GRANT'S plan to attack Forts Henry and Donelson early in 1862 and carry the war in the west across the state of Tennessee into Alabama, Georgia and Mississippi was at first scoffed at by his superior, General Halleck. Then General McClellan, at the time commanding the armies, ordered Grant to march a force against the Confederates in western Kentucky and Tennessee to prevent the sending of re-enforcements from that region eastward against Buell and Thomas. General C. F. Smith was selected by Grant to lead the reconnoissance toward Fort Henry, on the Tennessee river. When Smith returned to the camp at Cairo, he reported that Fort Henry might easily be taken. Grant again proposed to Halleck a movement against Fort Henry, to be followed by an attack upon Donelson, only eleven miles distant on the Cumberland. This time he was backed by Flag Officer Foote, commander of the navy on the upper Mississippi. After some correspondence by wire and by mail orders from headquarters reached him on Feb. 1, 1862, and on the 2d the expedition started from Cairo, fifty miles below the mouth of the Tennessee.

There were only enough steamers at hand to carry half the force needed, about 8,000 men, and this detachment, convoyed by the new ironclads Carondelet



BRIGADIER GENERAL U. S. GRANT.
(Studying the enemy's line at Fort Donelson, Feb. 7, 1862.)

Cleat, Cincinnati, St. Louis and Essex and the wooden gunboats Tyler, Lexington and Conestoga, steamed up the river. General J. A. McClellan commanded the troops and halted the transports within nine miles of Fort Henry. The gunboats went within six miles. Grant reached the front on the 4th, and the navy reconnoitered the vicinity of the fort to see if soldiers could safely be put ashore at some point near the scene of attack. Grant boarded the Essex, and she steamed up within range, receiving a shot which showed that there were good gunners in the fort.

Anticipating a heavy battle, Grant returned down the river to bring all his troops to the scene. He decided to attack on the 6th and not allow the Confederates time to re-enforce the garrison, as he believed the enemy would defend to the last extremity. In this he was mistaken, for the coming fight against his whole fleet and army was to be made with but fifty-four men with nine guns. The Confederates had watched the gathering of warships and divisions of men in blue. They exaggerated the soldiers under Grant as much as he exaggerated their strength and desperation. General Lloyd Tilghman, the commandant, called his officers in council and stated that the case was hopeless, with less than 4,000 men, mostly raw recruits and poorly armed, against a fleet of ironclads and 25,000 fighters on land. Turning to his captain of artillery, he said, "Can you hold out one hour against a determined attack?" The answer was in the affirmative, and orders were given for withdrawing the mass across country toward Fort Donelson.

Captain Jesse Taylor commanded the Fort Henry gunners, who belonged to the Tennessee volunteer militia. He assigned one gun apiece to each of the seven Federal warships which were in line, covered by an island one mile below the fort. At 11:35 a. m. the ships steamed out into the channel, the four ironclads leading and the Carondelet and St. Louis interlocked for want of sea room. Not a shot was fired by either side until the ironclads were within fair range of the fort, the flag, the earthworks and quarters and the gunners at their guns. Then the flagship Cincinnati fired the signal shot, and it was instantly answered by every one of Taylor's guns. The commander of the Carondelet said that the fort was one sheet of flame, and Captain Taylor described the flying of the ironclads as having been "as pretty and as simultaneous a broadside as ever flashed from the decks of a frigate."

The gunboat fire was steady and rapid for over an hour. From the

decks the naval officers could see the earthen walls of the fort plowed up and the debris showered over the Confederate guns. One of Captain Taylor's guns, a rifled piece, burst and disabled many of the men. His columbiad was spilt by its own priming wire getting fast, and two 32 pounders were struck and shattered at the same moment. In a short time there were only four pieces in action, five having been put out of service and sixteen men disabled beside them.

Meanwhile the ironclad Essex had dropped out of the fight, disabled by a remarkable shot which pierced the casemate just above the porthole on the port side, passed through the midship boiler and cast up a shower of scalding water and steam. By this shot forty-eight soldiers and sailors were killed or wounded, many of them being scalded to death. Before the accident the Essex had fired seventy shots. The flagship Cincinnati was riddled with the holes of thirty-two shots, which pierced her upper works. One shot ripped up her side, timbers and showered the decks with splinters. Two of her guns were disabled. The St. Louis was hit seven times and the Carondelet in about thirty places by heavy shot and shell. The Carondelet fired 107 shells and had no battle casualties. Eight missiles struck within two feet of the bow ports in range with the boilers, but were stopped by barbican built to protect the boiler room. On all the ironclads the plating was broken and splintered by the accurate Confederate fire.

General Tilghman hauled down the flag of Fort Henry at 1:30 p. m., when but two of his guns were left in action. He had lost 5 killed, 11 wounded and 5 missing. Accompanied by his staff, he went on board the Cincinnati and surrendered the garrison of seventy-eight souls to Flag Officer Foote. General Grant reached the fort at 3 o'clock and relieved the navy of command.

Grant's troops had been prevented from attacking on the land side by the difficulties of the march, which was through a dense forest flooded by a recent heavy rain. The Federal cavalry attempted to head off the main body of Confederates on their retreat toward Donelson, but only succeeded in picking up a few belated stragglers and two canons.

At Fort Henry Grant first appeared in the role of captor and host to prisoners of war. Captain Taylor, writing for The Century War Series, describes the bearing of the general at the time. Taylor was threatened by a Federal officer with punishment for having destroyed the records of the fort before the surrender, whereupon Grant interrupted the colloquy by saying, "I would be very much surprised and mortified if one of my officers should allow information which he could destroy to fall into the hands of the enemy."

Fort Henry fell on the 6th of February, and Grant immediately informed his chiefs that he would take Fort Donelson on the 8th. On the 7th, with part of a regiment of cavalry, he rode to within a mile of the outer line of Confederate works. He explained this temerity to his staff by saying that he had known General Pillow, the Confederate then in charge of the Donelson defenses, in Mexico and believed that it was safe to ride up within gunshot of any intrenchments he was given to hold. There was no opposition on the part of the enemy to the reconnoissance, and the party learned the topography of the country around the fort.

But the onward march to Donelson from Fort Henry was delayed a week by the continued rains which made the roads between the Cumberland and Tennessee rivers impassable for artillery and wagons. It was also part of the plan to have the navy co-operate, and this necessitated a voyage back to Paducah, then up the Ohio to the Cumberland and again up that stream to Donelson. Before leaving the Tennessee, however, the navy proceeded up that river from Fort Henry and destroyed the bridge of the Memphis and Ohio railway. The first vessels of the fleet reached a point on the Cumberland a few miles below Fort Donelson on the 12th of February, the day that Grant arrived and placed his army in position, almost completely investing the enemy's works. But there was to be fighting ahead for the army and navy as well before the fall of Donelson would be added to Grant's military achievements.

Flag Officer Foote transferred his pennant to the ironclad St. Louis and, leaving the Cincinnati and Essex behind, took to Donelson the Louisville, Pittsburgh and Carondelet and the gunboats Tyler and Conestoga. Grant was ordered by Halleck to fortify Fort Henry on the land side to protect it from the Confederates at Donelson, but believing that the enemy would reinforce the latter work heavily and that the subordinate at the front was a better judge of the situation than the elder back at St. Louis, the indefatigable commander rushed all his troops and re-enforcements by land and water to Donelson. He mustered for the fight about 20,000 men under McClellan, Lew Wallace and C. J. Smith to confront an equal army sheltered by intrenchments. His aim was to finish the business before him at once and not give the enemy a chance to send help to Donelson from Nashville and the posts north and west.

GEORGE L. KILMER.

IN THE AIR.

The Germs of La Grippe are Conveyed Through the Atmosphere. No one can escape the La Grippe germ because when an epidemic of the disease is prevailing the air is laden with it.

The reason that everyone does not have the disease at the same time is because the persons who are enjoying perfect health are able to successfully resist and throw off infection, while those who for any reason are not in the best of health, fall ready victims.



The first symptoms are those of acute catarrh resembling a hard cold and if prompt treatment is applied at this time, it can easily be broken up; one of the best remedies at this stage is Stuart's Catarrh Cure, sold by druggists everywhere and if taken freely, say one tablet or two for two or three days, the danger of pneumonia and serious complications will be averted.

The Rev. L. E. Palmer, Baptist clergyman of Ceresco, Mich., makes a statement of interest to all catarrh and grippe sufferers. He says: "Stuart's Catarrh Tablets have certainly been a blessing to me. I have used them freely this fall and winter and have found them a safeguard against La Grippe and catarrhal troubles, from which I have suffered for years. I feel that I can freely and conscientiously recommend them."

Persons who suffer from catarrh of the head and throat are very susceptible to La Grippe and such will find a pleasant, convenient and safe remedy in this new catarrh cure.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are composed of harmless antiseptics and may be used as freely as necessary as they contain no cocaine, opiate or poisonous drug of any kind.

Homeseekers' Excursions to California via C. & N. W. R. R., March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, 1902.

On above dates the C. & N. W. R. R. will sell homeseekers' tickets to California at rate of one fare plus \$2 for round trip. Stop-overs allowed on going trip and privilege of diverse routes. For further information see ticket agent C. & N. W. passenger depot. Telephone No. 35.

\$14.00 to Points in Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota via C. & N. W. R. R.

On March 11, 18 and 25; April 1 and 8, the C. & N. W. R. R. will sell one-way settlers' tickets at above rate to all points in territory above mentioned to which regular selling rate is higher. For full particulars see ticket agent C. & N. W. R. R. passenger depot. Telephone No. 35.

Cheap Homeseekers Excursions via C. M. & St. P. Ry

On the first and third Tuesdays of every month at one fare plus two dollars for the round trip, to points northwest, southwest, Iowa, Minnesota, North and South Dakota. Full particulars at passenger station.

Homeseekers' Excursion via C. & N. W. Ry.

March 4th and April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20. On above dates the C. & N. W. Ry. will sell homeseekers' tickets to points Northwest, West and Southwest, at rates of one fare plus \$2.50 for round trip, limit 21 days. "The best of everything." For free particulars apply to ticket agent C. & N. W. passenger depot. Tel. No. 35.

SOUTH CLINTON.

South Clinton, March 11.—Mr. and Mrs. Bert Fonda have gone to Mr. Fonda's father.

A fine all day's rain did much good. Mrs. Erd Bates is on the sick list, also Mrs. W. E. Dresser and little Phelps.

The Bergen band and ladies' quartette assisted in the concert given by the Clinton band at Clinton last week.

Rev. James Whitelaw, of Ashland, Wis., has been visiting friends here.

Mrs. E. C. Dresser has had a brother from Chicago visiting here.

E. L. Benedict has been obliged to cut down many of the trees around his house, as they were becoming unsafe. Miss Emma Smith expects to leave for Kansas soon.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Bright, of Ft. Atkinson, have been spending several days at E. C. Dresser's.

Rev. and Mrs. Curtiss spent a day in Chicago last week.

George Dresser has been confined to his bed at his boarding place at Beloit with bronchitis.

Calumet Baking Powder
A friend of the Home—
A foe of the Trust
Moderate in price—Makes purest food.

HOMEMADE DRESSES.

HOW TO MAKE A TWO PIECE FLOUNCED SKIRT.

A Pretty Design Which Should Be Easy for the Amateur Dressmaker to Follow—Intended for Summer Wear.

[Copyright, 1902, by American Press Association.]

The shape of the skirt is shown in the diagram. It is a simple two piece skirt. This may be cut with a seam directly down the center, in which case trimming of some kind should be placed over the seam. As this special gown is intended principally for a summer dress it is better to have the seam down the middle, as few if any summer materials are forty inches wide.

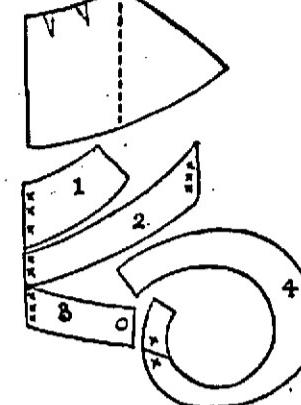


DIAGRAM OF SHAPED FLOUNCES.

In that case it may be necessary to have two seams at the sides instead of one, as is shown in the diagram.

The lining is first cut and sewed up, all except the back seam. Around the bottom a row of five cord featherbone tape is sewed in with the hemmed edge three times around to insure it from twisting. The skirt may be cut so that it quite reaches the floor or the lining and material may be ended where the first bounce begins. For light goods the latter produces the best effects. The flounces are then set at the edge, each bounce being deeper than the other, the bottom one naturally being the widest.

When the skirt is cut and sewed at the bottom, the upper portion should be fitted to the hips by means of darts. The placket at the back or the left side is to be finished.

If the skirt is cut off at the edge of the upper flounce, it should measure two and a half yards around the bottom for a medium sized figure. The flounces add the necessary fullness at the bottom.

If it is desired that the bottom of the skirt be very fluffy, a shaped piece of the material without lining can be put at the edge of the skirt itself. This should have at the lower edge a couple of rows of featherbone piping cord. This shaped piece takes the place of a dust ruffle and should be ten inches deep. The other flounces are lightly over it and are held out in the approach ed fashion.

To make these two or more flounces the dressmaker should refer to the diagram. The pieces marked 1, 2 and 3 are portions of the upper one. The number 3 is to be cut on the fold of the goods where it is marked 0, and that piece is cut double for the front, being twelve inches wide. The piece marked 2 is the same width and double, and one piece is to be sewed to the doubled piece where the two crosses are. The third one is but half as long, but is slanted wider, for the back, and is cut like all of them, to the selvage, and is to be sewed where the three crosses are. This brings the flounce twelve inches wide and five yards around.



FLOUNCES AS FINISHED.

is to be hemmed at the bottom, and at the top it is laid in narrow plaits six inches deep, each being slanted out to nothing at the end. This gives the desired fullness at the bottom and affords a place for the application of trimming.

The lower flounce is eighteen inches deep. It is not tucked, but is simply hemmed. It is cut after the circular form in the diagram, numbered 4, in two long and two short pieces and is shaped to have a very delicate ripple. The inner edge measures seven yards around and is gathered to fit the bottom of the skirt. The upper flounce falls over it six inches from the bottom, levelling two inches covered. If it is desired to have more than two of the ruffles, it is the lower shape that is followed to form the rippled effect.

This is not an economical skirt so far as the use of material is concerned, but it is one of those designs which can be carried out in inexpensive stuffs and especially in wash goods.

It should be noticed that the shaped flounces are wider at the back than in front, and if it should seem desirable to have more of a trained effect they can be cut deeper at the back portions than is now shown; also the skirt can be sloped down at least six inches farther in the back.

Another way of making this style of flounced skirt is to have the lining entirely separate and the dust ruffle set on that, with perhaps one skirt ruffle over it. The skirt proper is then made and falls loosely over the lining like what is generally called a drop skirt. Perhaps this is easier to do and more satisfactory when done, though it is a little more work. The principal difference is that each must be finished off separately; but, on the other hand, one has less trouble bringing lining and outside to lie smoothly.

OLIVE HARPER.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you Eat

"My rest is often disturbed at night by irregular heart action which I believe is on account of my stomach being overloaded with undigested food. I keep a bottle of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure nearby and a small dose always gives me instant relief. Ed. Thomas, Leitchfield, Ky."

It can't help but do you good
Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The \$1. bottle contains 24 times the 5c. size.
The favorite household remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, throat and lung troubles is **ONE MINUTE COUGH CURE.** It cures quickly. Above Preparations sold by M'CUE & BUSS.

COAT SPRINGS.

\$15.00

12.50

10.00

WE HAVE THEM. They are a wire contrivance to hold the coat collar in proper shape. You don't need any artificial or mechanical device to hold our coat collars in proper position. They hold themselves—and our prices are the lowest of the low-quality and workmanship considered. All wool Cheviots, Cashmere and Scotch goods in the newest black and white patterns, collars to hold to their original shape and trousers cut in the prevailing style. Good, serviceable business Sack Suits for \$8, \$6.50 and \$5 all fitters.

Robinson Bros.,
CASH CLOTHIERS.

GRAND HOTEL BLOCK

How Odd Your Walls Look!

That is because your own papering and got the edges of the rolls crooked and the hanging wrong.

We Hang Your Paper Perfectly,

having had years of experience. It is then done quickly and costs you little compared to the work, worry and dissatisfaction of doing it yourself. Our spring patterns of Wall Paper are now in.....

KENT & CRANE.

13 S. River Street.



VICTORY FOR THE RAILWAY COMPANY

Case of Lawrence Cronin Against the Janesville & Southeastern Railroad for Damages.

The case of Lawrence Cronin vs. the Janesville and Southeastern railroad for damages to his property, resulted in a victory for the railway company.

The case went to the jury at 4:30 yesterday afternoon and after being out until 8:30 they brought in a verdict in favor of the defendant. A special verdict was asked for and the following questions given them to answer.

1. What was the value of the interest of the plaintiff on January, 1901, in and to the 100 feet of the 10 foot strip taken by the defendant, in view of the character and situation of said strip and the market value of the land in its vicinity. Answer \$5.

2. Was the land of the plaintiff known in this case as the eleven acre piece, diminished in value by reason of the defendant taking the said one hundred feet of the ten foot strip and constructing its railroad across said strip at that place. Answer No.

The plaintiff's attorneys moved to set aside the verdict and for a new trial. The plaintiff was given permission to file a written motion and also any exceptions they desire.

Under the decision of the costs of the action will fall upon Cronin for the reason that the judgment is less than the award of the commissioners and is also less than the verdict on the former trial of the case before Judge Dunwiddie.

The jury in the former case gave Cronin \$500 for damages to the 10 foot strip in the right of way of the road and \$10 for injury outside the right of way, also \$300 for injury to the eleven acre tract. This verdict was set aside by Judge Dunwiddie.

The case of James W. Gillman vs. Samuel Kneller, came up for a hearing yesterday before Judge Dunwiddie. The judge made the appointment of C. K. Tenney as receiver of all the property in his hands permanent. He however made an order that J. Newberger of Chicago, who holds the chattel mortgage on the Beloit stock to be interpledged and allowed to come in and defend his title to the goods. Tenney, Hall and Tenney and John D. Dunwiddie appeared for the trustee and M. G. Jeffris for Moses Englehart, one of the defendants.

The motion for a new trial in the case of Thomas J. Williams vs. Ogden H. Fethers was overruled and the case of the State of Wisconsin vs. William Byrne continued until March 21.

HARNESS MAKERS ELECT OFFICERS

Association of Retail Manufacturers for a Protective Association, Organized Here.

The Retail Harness Manufacturers and Dealers' Protective association of Wisconsin was organized in this city last evening. The association was formed for the purpose of protecting their business interests against the jobbers and wholesalers, who sell goods promiscuously to men not engaged in the harness or leather trade. The officers elected were:

President—Charles Riker.
Vice President—Thomas Costigan.
Secretary—James Selkirk.
Treasurer—W. H. Hall.

By-laws and a constitution were adopted and other dealers throughout the state will be invited to join the association.

FREE DEMONSTRATION TO ALL LADIES

Call on the demonstrator at the Hair Dressing Parlors, Room 427 Hayes block, this week and receive free trial facial treatment and sample jar celebrated Romayne Skin Food. This food will positively remove all blemishes from the skin, eradicate black heads and make the skin soft and velvety.

At J. M. Bostwick & Sons'. St. Patrick's day we will sell shamrocks for one cent each, and green ribbon for two cents a yard.

Settlers' Low Rates West

Via the North-Western Line, Colonist one-way tickets at very low rates every day during March and April to Colorado, Utah, Montana, Nevada, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, California, Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Nelson, Rossland and other points in Kootenay district. Also special round-trip Homeseekers' tickets on first and third Tuesdays in March, April and May.

For full particulars apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Ry.

At J. M. Bostwick & Sons'.

St. Patrick's day we will sell shamrocks for one cent each, and green ribbon for two cents a yard.

Young Men's Meeting.

The Young Men's meeting will be held as usual at the Y. M. C. A. auditorium tomorrow afternoon at three o'clock. H. F. Bliss will speak on "Resources and Opportunities." There will be other speakers, and good music. All are invited.

Examination for Confirmation

The examination of the confirmation class at St. Paul's Lutheran church will be held Sunday morning at 10 a. m. There are thirty-nine members in the class and the confirmation services will be held on Sunday, March 23. The church will be handsomely decorated, or tomorrow morning's services and there will be special music. All are cordially invited to attend.

NEWS OF THE CITY

Tobacco aprons for sale at E. Hall's. Horse for Sale. Tarrant & Kenner Supper at G. A. R. hall tonight. Bort, Bailey & Co. have a special announcement this evening on page 8.

Bort, Bailey & Co. have a special announcement this evening on page 8.

On Tuesday afternoon next, the High School Juniors will play the Intermediate game of basket ball.

We have just received large invoices of handsome muslin underwear at popular prices. T. P. Burns. You take no risk in making the purchase of a Belfeld garment. Special sale at Bort, Bailey & Co.'s, next Wednesday and Thursday.

At Assembly hall, April 11, members of the Unique club will give their annual ball. Prof. Smith's full orchestra will play.

In ladies' tailor made suits you can obtain what you are looking for, at the price you want to pay, here. T. P. Burns.

The fourth annual ball of the Federated Trades Council will be given at Assembly hall next Monday evening, March 17th.

All teamsters and team drivers are requested to meet at Assembly hall, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing a union.

Special sale of suits, skirts, raglans, jackets and capes next Wednesday and Thursday at Bort, Bailey & Co. store. See announcement on page 8.

The Pure Food Co. of Chicago will serve a six o'clock dinner on Saturday, the 22nd in connection with the Easter sale to be held in the parlors of the Presbyterian church. Note change of date from 26th to 22nd.

Hon. Ogden H. Fethers is at St. Joseph's hospital in Milwaukee where he is quite sick. His illness is the result of a fall he had on board the steamer while on his way home from his trip to Honolulu last winter.

Mr. Lewis, representing the famous Joseph Belfeld & Co. cloak house of Chicago will be at the Bort, Bailey & Co. store next Wednesday and Thursday with the largest line of up-to-date garments ever shown in Janesville.

Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Kellogg and family of the town of La Prairie wish to extend their heartfelt thanks to their neighbors and friends for the many kindnesses shown them during the sickness and death of their daughter.

The early edition of the Milwaukee Sentinel did not reach the city today on account of missing railroad connections at some point.

A 25c advertisement inserted in the Gazette went column 3 times sold \$450 worth of goods for a gentleman this week. It is a most effective moderate priced way of attracting public attention.

Christ Church—Fifth Sunday in Lent. Celebration of the Holy Communion at 3 a. m. Morning service and sermon, 10:30 a. m. Sermon topic "The Sufferings of Christ". Sunday school 12 m. Evening service and sermon at 7:00 p. m. Lenten services. Wednesday service and address, 7:30 p. m. Thursday, service and address at 4:30 p. m. Friday, service and address, 7:30 p. m.

SPECIAL MARKET REPORT

From the Hadden, Hodges Co., 204 Jackson Block, Janesville.

Chicago, Mar. 15, 1902
Open High Low Close

Wheat..... 25 1/2 25 1/2 24 1/2 25 1/2

July..... 26 100 100 100 100

Corn..... 62 1/2 62 1/2 62 1/2 62 1/2

May..... 63 1/2 63 1/2 63 1/2 63 1/2

June..... 64 1/2 64 1/2 64 1/2 64 1/2

July..... 65 1/2 65 1/2 65 1/2 65 1/2

Pork..... 14 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2

May..... 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2 15 1/2

July..... 16 1/2 16 1/2 16 1/2 16 1/2

Lard..... 9 10 9 10 9 10 9 10

July..... 9 10 9 10 9 10 9 10

Rib..... 8 40 8 40 8 40 8 40

May..... 8 50 8 50 8 50 8 50

July..... 8 50 8 50 8 50 8 50

CHICAGO CAR LOT RECEIPTS, To-day. Contract. Est. Tomorrow

Wheat..... 25 12

Corn..... 60 31

Oats..... 65 31

Hay..... 100 102

NORTH-WEST RECEIPTS (Wheat), today. Last Week. Year Ago.

Chicago..... 25 12

Minneapolis..... 101 217

Duluth..... 101 102

LIVE STOCK MARKETS, RECEIPTS TODAY.

CATTLE..... 20 2500

Kan. City..... 160 2200

Omaha..... 200 100

Market-steers ready

Beefs..... 4 100 7 15

Calves & heifers 1400 4 50

Mixed..... 5 840 6 15 Stockers..... 2 45 6 50

Good heavy..... 6 1000 6 150 Texans..... 2 45 6 50

Hog heavy..... 6 1000 6 150 Sheep..... 3 05 4 50

Hogs..... 6 1000 6 150 Lamb..... 4 50 6 60

Pigs..... 4 740 5 55

Jameson Raid.

The Jameson raid into the Transvaal ended in defeat and failure in January, 1896. Accounts of the casualties on both sides vary greatly, but it appears that Jameson's men lost about 65 killed and 40 wounded, while the Boers are said to have suffered a loss of only five killed and three wounded, though the estimates of their opponents range from 50 to 283 killed and wounded.

Decline of the White Lawn Tie.

An interesting chapter might be written of the decline of the white lawn tie in congress. The Virginia congressman never did effect it to any great extent, and only occasionally was it visible around the neck of a North Carolinian. Farther south, however, the white tie and statesmanship used to go hand-in-hand. Even the staid and solemn Catchings of Mississippi, was a victim of the habit. But nowadays the custom is dying out.

Cheap Homeseekers' Excursions Via C. M. & St. P. Ry.

On the first and third Tuesdays of every month at one fare plus two dollars for the round trip, to points west, northwest, southwest, Iowa, Minnesota, North and South Dakota. Full particulars at passenger station.

WOMEN'S CLUBS TO MEET ON TUESDAY

Third Annual Convention of the First District Branch of the State Federation.

The third annual convention of the First District Wisconsin State Federation of Women's clubs will meet in the Congregational church in this city on Tuesday next. The assembly promises to be one of the most noteworthy in this city for some time. Visitors from the various clubs throughout the state will be present. An elaborate program has been prepared and the local club members have been busy for weeks preparing for the occasion.

Planner and supper will be served in the church parlors to all delegates and visiting club women. By invitation of the Athena Class, the Philanthropic and Janesville Art League.

The managing committee want it distinctly understood that the affair is not confined exclusively to women's club members. All the ladies of the city are invited to attend the proceedings and participate in the club's festivities.

Mrs. E. H. Tanberg, the vice president for the First district will preside at the meetings. The program prepared is as follows:

The Program.

9:30 A. M.

"Andante con Variation" (two planes) Schumann

Mr. James Field, Mrs. Ada Pond.

Call to order..... Schumann

Invocation..... Rev. Robert C. Denison, Janesville.

Greeting..... Mrs. Arthur C. Jenkins, Janesville.

Response..... Mrs. E. F. Hansen, Beloit.

Three-minute reports from clubs..... 2:30 P. M.

Piano Solo—"March in D"..... Raft

Miss May Treat.

Report of Credential Committee..... Mrs. E. O. Kimberley.

"Art Study in Club"..... Mrs. Gilbert Anderson, Whitewater.

"The Book and the Club"..... Miss L. E. Stearns, Organizer, Library Committee.

"Consumer's League"..... Mrs. A. P. Lovell, Vice-President, State Consumers' League.

Adjournment at 3:30 to High School.

Assembly in Gymnasium at 4:00.

"Domestic Art in the Public School"..... Miss Sarah Hostetter, Teacher of Domestic Art, Janesville.

Informal reception at church from 5 to 6 p. m.

7:30 P. M.

"Tarantella" (two planes)..... Raft

Mrs. James Field, Mrs. Ada Pond.

Duet (a) "Dicky Night Now Spreads Her Phantoms"..... Denza

(b) "Swallows Gaily Singing"..... Delibes

Mrs. A. O. Wilson, Mrs. S. B. Lewis.

Piano Solo—"Air de Halte"..... Moreau

Mrs. Bes. Wilcox.

Reading..... Selected

Mrs. J. H. Day.

Piano Solo—"Capriccio"..... Liszt

Mrs. John Fuller Sweeney.

Songs (a) "Four Leaf Clover"..... Brownell

(b) "Mighty Lak a Rose"..... Nordin

(c) "Aunt Jemima"..... Gaynor

ALTGELD'S BODY LIES IN STATE

Tributes to His Character by Miss Addams and C. S. Darrow.

GOV. YATES IN ATTENDANCE

Private Services at Late Governor's Home—Many View the Remains at the Public Library—Civic and Fraternal Societies Join in Procession.

Chicago, March 15.—Private funeral services for the late John P. Altgeld took place at the residence, 3225 Madison avenue, Friday afternoon, as the first in a series of demonstrations of respect which will end Sunday with a public procession from the city library to Graceland. The body will lie in state in the north corridor of the library building Saturday from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m.

The services at the residence were brief and simple and marked with eloquent tributes from Miss Jane Addams of Hull House and Clarence S. Darrow, one of Mr. Altgeld's law partners and most intimate friends.

Dr. Frank Crane presided over the services, which took place in the parlors. Judges of the appellate, circuit and superior courts, members of the Chicago Bar association, prominent politicians and leaders in reform movements crowded the residence, and many persons were obliged to remain on the sidewalk during the services.

"Great as well as trivial causes have had their martyrs," said Miss Addams in the course of her brief address. "What we need in this hour of national confusion is the memory of a man who never allowed himself to see the little things in life, but turned his attention at all times to the greater things. As time recedes the world will finally agree that our friend saw life as few see it, in its greater and grander form."

Mr. Darrow spoke with an emotion that threatened to overcome him at times. He referred to his dead friend as a soldier in the everlasting struggle of the human race for liberty and justice on the earth.

Saturday morning the body of Mr. Altgeld was placed upon a catafalque in the north corridor of the public library, there to remain until Sunday morning, when a large number of organizations, both social and political, will escort the bier from the library to the cemetery.

Governor Yates telegraphed to Adjutant General Reece at Springfield instructing him to notify all members of the staff to assemble at Chicago to act as an escort at the funeral.

News of the Miners.
Terre Haute, Ind., March 15.—The joint scale committee of miners and operators made poor headway Friday, and the miners are becoming impatient, saying the operators are trying to wear them out.

Bristol, Tenn., March 15.—Reports from the southwest Virginia coal fields indicate no change in the situation. About 1,000 miners are now out.

Altoona, Pa., March 15.—Of the eleven demands made by the United Mine Workers at Friday's conference with the operators five were rejected.

Eight Hundred Killed in Battle.
Colon, Colombia, March 15.—General Castro's soldiers report that 800 men on both sides were killed during the fighting at Agua Dulce. The revolutionists lost 550 and the government forces 250 men. It is also said that the Indian chief, Lorenzo, and his half-caste Indians participated in the attack and killed many of the government soldiers with machetes. The remainder of General Castro's command, which originally numbered 1,000 men, has been killed, wounded, taken prisoner or have escaped.

Railroad Man Frozen to Death.
Salt Lake, Utah, March 15.—One fatality has been reported as the result of the severe snowstorm. Max Adler, employed on a construction train on the Oregon Short Line, strayed from his car at Terminus, Utah, and his frozen body was found within a half-mile of the train.

Republican Convention City.
Springfield, Ill., March 15.—The Republican state central committee will meet at the Leland hotel, this city, Thursday, March 27, at 10 a. m., to select the time and place for holding the state convention. Springfield and Peoria are applicants for the convention.

T. DeWitt Talmage Better.
New Orleans, March 15.—Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, accompanied by Mrs. Talmage, and in care of Dr. Lawrence Shields, left for Washington. Dr. Talmage spent a quiet day in his room and showed steady improvement in his condition.

Potkethling Approves West Indies.
Copenhagen, Denmark, March 15.—The folketing, or lower house of parliament, by 88 to 7 votes, approved the treaty for the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States. The treaty now goes to the landsting, the upper house.

Princess Alice Goes to Potsdam.
The Hague, March 15.—Princess Alice of Albany has started for Potsdam. Gossip connects her visit with the reports of the coming betrothal of the princess to the crown prince of Germany, Frederick William.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Washington Notes.

Washington, March 15.—Brigadier General Frederick Funston arrived in Washington Friday, accompanied by Lieutenant B. J. Mitchell, his aid. The general's purpose here mainly is to pay his respects to President Roosevelt and Secretary Root. He will remain until next week, when he expects to depart for Oakland, Cal. His leave of absence from the division of the Philippines expires on the 10th of April, at which time he will leave San Francisco unless there is a change in his assignment.

The President sent the following nominations of army chaplains to the Senate: Revs. Paul F. Brockman, Wisconsin; James Ossewaarde, Michigan, and Julian E. Yates, Kansas.

Representative Hilt of Illinois introduced a bill for enlarging the postoffice building at Rockford, Ill., at an additional cost of \$20,000.

Bellamy Storer, United States minister to Spain, has arrived at New York on the steamship St. Louis. He is on leave of absence from his post at Madrid for the first time in two years.

Representative Gillett of Massachusetts introduced a bill to "protect state anti-gambling laws from nullification through interstate gambling by telegraph." The bill prohibits the sending of dispatches designed to promote pool selling, bookmaking, etc.

William A. Rodenberg of East St. Louis, Ill., has submitted to President Roosevelt his resignation as a member of the United States Civil Service Commission, to take effect April 1.

Driven to Seek Charity.

Jeffersonville, Ind., March 15.—Homeless and destitute, Mrs. Mary Rousseau Thixton, sister of the late General Lovell H. Prieur, called at the home of Rev. Charles E. Asbury, pastor of the Wall Street Methodist church, seeking aid. Mrs. Thixton is now 82 years old and very feeble. She comes from an aristocratic family, being a grand-niece of William Henry Harrison and in former days she was well to do. It is likely a place will be found for her in the old ladies' home in New Albany.

Entertains Chinese Court Ladies.

Peking, March 15.—Mrs. Conger, wife of the United States minister here, assisted by the ladies of the American legation and of the missions, entertained at Tiffin eleven princesses and ladies of the court. This departure from the exclusiveness of the Chinese court is quite unprecedented. The dowager empress sent her greetings and expressed the hope that the kindly relations established would remain unbroken.

John Mitchell III.

Davenport, Iowa, March 15.—President John Mitchell of the United Mine Workers of America Friday addressed a meeting of miners and operators. He had spoken only a few moments when he was taken ill and had to be assisted from the stage. It was about ten minutes before he was able to return and he did not attempt to speak any further, although he occupied a seat on the stage throughout the evening.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 15.

President John Mitchell of the United Mine Workers of America Friday addressed a meeting of miners and operators. He had spoken only a few moments when he was taken ill and had to be assisted from the stage. It was about ten minutes before he was able to return and he did not attempt to speak any further, although he occupied a seat on the stage throughout the evening.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Louisville, Ky., March 15.—Fred Kithner, a barber of this city, has been left a fortune of \$250,000 by an uncle in Germany. He received a letter a few days ago from the German ambassador at Washington apprising him of the bequest. His sister, Mrs. Katie Schneider, of Chicago came here to see Kithner, who says he will divide his inheritance with her.

Lincoln Farm to Be Sold.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 15.—The old Lincoln farm, in the heart of Lincoln City, Spencer county, is to be sold for delinquent taxes. Attempts have been made to turn the farm into a park and ask Congress to make an appropriation for its purchase, and this may be done after the farm passes into other hands. The mother of Lincoln is buried on the farm.

Dynamite Two Cars.

Leavenworth, Kan., March 15.—Two cars of the Kansas City-Leavenworth Electric line were dynamited. One woman was injured. One car was damaged beyond repair, one of the wheels being torn off and the motor ruined. A sixty-pound rail was split in two.

Honor Decatur Man.

Decatur, Ill., March 15.—Residents of Decatur are pleased by the selection of J. G. Stauffer of this city to all the offices of president of the Underwriters' Association of Illinois. He is not only popular among insurance men, but has a wide circle of friends in other walks of life.

New President of Tabor College.

Tabor, Iowa, March 15.—At a meeting of the trustees of Tabor college, Rev. William J. Salmon of New Haven, Conn., was elected president. Rev. Salmon is at present pastor of a Congregational church at Bridgeport, Conn.

Think Texas Law Is Affected.

Austin, Texas, March 15.—Prominent Texas lawyers assert that the Illinois anti-trust law decision seriously affects the statute of this state, which bears on that subject. Attorney General Bell believes the Texas law is annulled.

Car Barn Burn at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., March 15.—Fire destroyed the west barn of the Easton avenue sheds of the St. Louis Transit company, together with seventy cars. The loss is estimated at \$125,000, fully covered by insurance.

"Mrs. Pinkham Saved me from an Operation."



Operations Avoided.

When a physician tells a woman suffering with ovarian or womb trouble that an operation is necessary, it often frightens her.

The very thought of the operating table and the knife strikes terror to her heart.

And our hospitals are full of women who are there for ovarian and womb operations!

It is quite true that these troubles may reach a stage where an operation is the only resource, but such cases are much rarer than is generally supposed, because a great many women have been cured by Mrs. Pinkham's medicine after the doctors had said the operation must be performed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been very successful in curing ovarian troubles. In fact, up to the point where the knife must be used to secure instant relief, this medicine is certain to help.

Ovarian troubles are easily developed from womb troubles, and womb troubles are so very common that ovaritis is steadily on the increase among women. It is, nevertheless, a most serious trouble, and to recommend wrong treatment for it is a crime for which there cannot be too deep a penalty.

It is, therefore, with full consciousness of the seriousness of the disease and the steady failure of other medicine to cure it, that we present for ovarian and womb trouble

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as the most certain to help of any medicine in the world to-day. Any person who could read the letters in Mrs. Pinkham's files at her office in Lynn, Mass., would be convinced of the efficiency of Mrs. Pinkham's Compound.

The strongest and most grateful statements possible to make come from women who have escaped the operating table by the use of this medicine. Let any woman suffering from these troubles, or anything which may develop into them, write and get Mrs. Pinkham's advice. If you are beyond the reach of the medicine, you will be frankly told so, but, if not, you will be fully and carefully advised.

The most serious of all the diseases of women, as well as the minor ills, are promptly overcome by

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

\$5000 REWARD

to any person who can show that the above testimonials are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., Lynn, Mass.

Earnest Words of Gratitude.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Your Vegetable Compound has completely cured me of the worst form of womb trouble, and made me a strong, healthy, robust woman. Before using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I suffered with severe pains in back and side, headache and nervousness. Menses would sometimes occur every two weeks, and once I had a severe hemorrhage which lasted a month. I was confined to my bed and the attending physicians told me I would have to undergo an operation as soon as I was strong enough. I read in one of your little books several testimonials from ladies who were cured by your Compound after having been told by their doctors that an operation was necessary, and I made up my mind then and there to commence taking your Compound. I did so and it has completely restored me to good health. I have gained twenty-two pounds since taking it and my flesh is as solid as a rock. My friends remark about the change in me. I am a living advertisement of what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound can do, and have influenced many of my friends to try it, which has proved very gratifying in its results. I thank you for restoring me to health."—ANNIE HARTLEY, 209 S. Sangamon St., Chicago, Ill.

ANOTHER OPERATION AVOIDED.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel very grateful to you for the benefit I derived from your kind advice and remedies. I was troubled with a complication of female troubles, had ovaritis, painful and irregular menstruation, leucorrhœa, nervousness, and weakness. I had no appetite and could not sleep nights. The least exertion would cause shortness of breath and dull pains in my hips and side. The doctors all advised me to have an operation and have one of my ovaries removed, but this I could not bear to think of. I was induced to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and after taking the first bottle I was much improved. It renewed my appetite, health, and strength. I continued taking it, also your Blood Purifier and Sanative Wash, until entirely cured of all my troubles. The pains have never returned, and my health is splendid.

"Your remedies have been a boon to me, and I am sure many a woman owes her life to them."—MARIE WEBB, 356 Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to publish the wonderful help Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been to me. I was like a crazy person—could not eat or sleep; there was no rest for me day or night. Physicians examined me and said an operation was necessary. Before undergoing it, however, I determined to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound. I am so glad I did, for it cured me. I am a well woman now and can do any kind of work. I want this published throughout the land, so that all my suffering sisters may read, and if in any way afflicted with female troubles, they may be induced by my sincere statement to try this."—MRS. MARGARET BAMFORD, Centennial Ave., Crescent Beach, Revere, Mass.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to send you my testimonial stating the grand effect Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has had on my health. I was suffering to such an extent from ovarian trouble that my physician thought an operation would be necessary. Your medicine having been recommended to me, I decided to try it. After using several bottles I found that I was cured. My system was toned up and I suffered no more with my ovaries. Your medicine is the greatest boon on earth to suffering women."—MRS. ANNIE ASTON, Box 137, Troy, Mo.



Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., \$5,000, which will be paid

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Leaf Tobacco Notes

There has been very little change in the local leaf market during the last week. Some of the dealers are going through the country buying the best of crops at a much less figure than was paid early in the season.

A great many of the farmers realize that the tobacco is not going to sell at the price asked at the opening of the buying season and are inclined to be more reasonable in their demands.

The dealers are willing to buy the goods provided they can get them at a figure they can see some profit in. If it had not been for the American Tobacco company, starting out and buying a large portion of the crop the farmers would still have a larger amount on hand to dispose of.

The dealers in buying the 1901 crop have another thing to contend with that they did not have last year. The foreign markets that last year furnished a favorable outlet for a large proportion of the low grade goods, are this year being flooded with tobacco from Brazil and other South American countries, that is of better quality and can be bought for less money. These conditions all have a bearing on the present crop which will have to be disposed of largely at home.

The eastern dealers are holding off buying and in many instances their western agents have not opened up their warehouses. In some cases their warehousemen have purchased a few crops and sorted them up to see what they are like after going through the sweat. George Decker, Fisher & Fisher and J. L. and M. F. Greene have shipped a number of car loads of old goods to Chicago and eastern parties during the last week.

There is a moderate movement going on in last season's tobacco in nearly all of the growing sections, though scarcely enough to develop much activity among the dealers. The bulk of the orders are for the medium quality goods for which lower prices prevailed than during the most of the buying season. As long as growers consent to accept going figures there is a chance for the immediate lifting of quite a portion of the crop remaining in first hands. Dealers are not very enthusiastic over the bargains they are securing, even at the present quotations.

Spring weather is upon us and growers who have not sold or arranged

for the handling of the crop must do so soon. Quite a large number of farmers, however, have their assortments well along.

The market in cured leaf is rather quiet. Aside from the usual movement of small lots to manufacturers, the only transaction coming to notice is the sale of the packing of Pelton & Klauber at Madison of about 1,000cs to the American Cigar Co.

The shipments out of storage from this market reach but 8 car loads, 35 cases, to all points for the week past. Since last report 25cs of cigar leaf were exported from New York.—Edgerton Reporter.

The expected rush in the market has not yet materialized. A rush in the market means the swooping down on very large lots and their quick disposal. In other words, the crowding of a month's, perhaps three months', and with some dealers, an entire year's business into one week or a half dozen transactions. Such rushes are not likely to take place again in a hurry considering the altered conditions of the leaf trade and cigar industry.

The trade of the market is now more evenly divided, it has become steadier and more continuous. The absolute idleness for weeks and months at a time is eliminated and trading keeps the market busy. If not rushing, from beginning to the end of the week, though with less satisfaction than in former times. In the aggregate a larger volume of goods is disposed of, but it requires more work, steadier attention, more entries, and causes perhaps greater annoyances than when entire packings and importations were sold out in bulk.

It is also more difficult now for a reporter to keep track of the sales of the market, as merchants are less disposed to divulge their small or their big sales. Nevertheless, the market is in good and healthy condition. There being no surplus of stock, all types sell freely and at advanced figures. And the scarcer the article the bigger the demand. The principal sales the past week were made in '99 Pennsylvania, of which about 3,000 cases were taken. But neither the demand for Wisconsin nor 1899 Zimmers can be summed up to its full extent. There has also sprung up an urgent demand for noted Connecticut.—U. S. Tobacco Journal.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.
Discuse ship subsidy.
Washington, March 15.—In the Senate Friday the ship subsidy bill was again under consideration. Mr. Foraker supported it, although he admitted he would have preferred to build up the American merchant marine by the levying of discriminating duties. He said he was willing, however, to defer to the judgment of the majority that the pending measure embodied the better plan.

Both Mr. McLaurin of Mississippi and Mr. Harris opposed the measure on the ground that in their judgment it was not constitutional. They maintained that it was class legislation, which amounted to little short of robbery of the people for the benefit of a few ship owners. Mr. Harris made the point that the United States was now paying more to the American line for the carrying of ocean mails than was paid to foreign ships for greater service.

At the conclusion of Mr. Harris' remarks the senate went into executive session and confirmed The Hague treaty on rules of warfare, and at 6:03 o'clock adjourned.

Postal Appropriation Passed.
Washington, March 15.—In the House Friday the postoffice appropriation bill was passed, the only amendment of importance being one to incorporate in the bill the provisions of the bill to classify the rural free delivery service, passed a few days ago. Quite a number of other bills were passed, including three for marine hospitals at Buffalo, Savannah and Pittsburg.

The Burleson resolution calling on the Secretary of State for the facts relative to the case of Dr. Thomas and wife, who desired to go to South Africa to distribute relief funds, was adopted after a short debate, in the course of which Mr. Hill, chairman of the committee on foreign affairs, introduced a letter from Secretary Hay explaining what the Department of State had done in the premises.

Mr. Sherman called up a bill to prevent false branding and marking of food products entering into interstate commerce, and it was passed. The conference report on the diplomatic and consular appropriation was agreed to. Adjournment was taken at 4:50 o'clock.

Fall to Agree on Cuba.

Washington, March 15.—After three hours' debate Friday the peace committee adjourned without having reached an agreement on the Cuban problem. No perceptible progress was made toward a solution. In fact, the representatives of the opposition on the committee showed unexpected resistance to compromise. They have been strengthened by a poll of their forces, which they claim discloses at least forty members who are willing to carry the fight into the last ditch. By threatening to weld this formidable club the sugar beet supporters hope to dictate terms of surrender. The impression prevails that while there may be delay in reaching an agreement, Cuban reciprocity will prevail.

Advocate Pure Food Law.

Washington, D. C., March 15.—Jay D. Miller of Sprague, Warner & Co., a member of the Illinois pure food

NEURASTHENIA!

A COMMON COMPLAINT THAT COVERS A MULTITUDE OF ILLS.

Such as Nervous Debility, Lack of Vitality, Lost Energy and Manhood Impotency, Brain Fag, Nervous Exhaustion, Etc.

While Both Men and Women Are Subject to Its Awful Effects, All Can Be Restored by the Simple Transference of Vital Magnetism, as Possessed by the Boy Phenomenon Now in Janesville.

Today there is passing in review before our eyes such a panorama of marvelous cures in the world of natural healing that while we stand confounded and amazed, we are forced to believe our own eyes, and it must be patient to all who have given the subject attention, that the advancement made by the Bay Phenomenon in the science of magnetic healing exceeds all others, and accounts in a measure for his fame towering above like a shaft of ivory to the clouds above, and beyond conception.

His magnetic force is so strong and subtle in its effects that he cures often by a single treatment. He stands unapproached and unapproachable, meeting with the most signal and surprising success after all others have failed, without a competitor in the dazzling noon-tide of his brilliant career. The high of the marvelous cures he has accomplished in Janesville the past two weeks is indeed a revelation to the sick, astonishing to the most incredulous and converting the rankest skeptic to his most enthusiastic follower.

If you are afflicted and not just sure what your trouble is, or if you are sure and have been disappointed in other methods, stop guessing and have a consultation with a physician whose vast amount of practical experience peculiarly fits him to judge of the curability of a case as soon as he sees it.

Do not drag along a wretched existence of doubt and uncertainty that preys upon your mind and uplifts you for business and social duties. Be absolutely certain that you know the nature of your disease. If your fears are groundless he will tell you so and restore your peace of mind. If you cannot be cured he will so advise you and save you future expense, as incurable cases are never taken for treatment.

Magnetism exerts a most important influence directly upon the Nervous System, of a tonic and invigorating character, bracing and tranquillizing the Nerves. One of the first effects is an increase in the Nervous Tone and Vital Energy, while a soothing current of magnetism gently steals through every fibre and muscle, infusing new life into the worn out, debilitated system, refreshing the brain and promoting vigorous action throughout. For nervous weakness of men the current is directed to and through the vesicles, prostate and other glands, the beneficial effect being at times almost instant, all of which is followed by a feeling of unusual comfort and strength.

Those who desire the services of this wonderfully gifted young man should lose no time in calling, as his time is being rapidly filled. While he will remain in Janesville several weeks longer no new cases will be taken after this week. His office hours at the Hotel Myers are from 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. daily except Sunday.

Premier of Western Australia.
Alfred Edward Morgans, the new premier of western Australia, is a Welshman by birth and close upon 60 years of age. He spent many years mining in Mexico, where he was a personal friend of President Diaz. When the gold discoveries in western Australia began to attract the attention of the mining world he went there and settled at Coolgardie, for which constituency he was returned to the legislative assembly in 1897.

POSTAL APPROPRIATION BILL.
Straw—Winter 50¢ per lb.; Potatoes—#2 25¢ lb.; Beans—\$1.25 per bushel.

BUTTER—Hart dairy. #222.

EGGS—11¢ dozen fresh.

POULTRY—Sprague. 10 lb. hens, 4¢ lb.; turkeys 10 lb.

WOOL—Washed, 10¢ per lb.; unwashed, 8¢ per lb.

BIRDS—5¢ each.

PULSES—Quotable at 10¢ per lb.

CATTLE—\$2.00 per lb.

HOGS—\$2.00 per lb.

SHEEP—3¢ to 4¢ per lb.; lambs, 4¢ 50¢ lb.

Her Elysium.

In a tiny island called Minikoi, off the southern coast of India, a most peculiar state of society exists, for woman is lord of all she surveys. The wife is the recognized head of the house. She owns it and everything in it, while anything that her husband, who works very hard, can earn goes to increase her wealth. Her husband belongs to her, too, and when she marries him she gives him her name instead of taking his.

Many Uses of Petroleum.

Petroleum and its products are applied in surgery and medicine; in the making of ice and the production of light; in paint manufacture and the preparation of oilcloths; in the manipulation of rubber and in washing wool. Where it is cheap, it replaces coal in almost all modern plants; some one of the petroleum derivatives is used for the enrichment of gas. For general lubrication the paraffin oils are the most serviceable.

Mexico's Little Navy.

The littlest navy in proportion to population is Mexico's. Twelve miles from the coast is a "fleet" of two dispatch vessels, two unarmored gun vessels carrying one 4-ton breech-loading cannon and four small breech-loaders, and five second-class torpedo boats. This "fleet" is manned by ninety officers and 500 men.—New York Press.

ENCOURAGING.



There Are Others.
Guest—What a splendid dinner! Don't often get as good a meal as this.

Little Willie (son of the host)—Wedon't either.

Trusseured.
He—I've tried my best not to make love to you.

She—Well, you know what Browning says—that the only true success is constant failure.

A BUSINESS KILLER.
"Business is frightfully dull today," said the junior partner of the tailoring firm.

"No wonder," said the senior partner angrily. "Who wrote our ad. for the papers today?"

"I did. Why?"

"Because it says: 'Do you need an overcoat? Try our melton and frieze,'"—Philadelphia Press.

COMPOSITE.

Dashaway—Quidriver seems to be a fellow of extremes, one who writes awful slush and sublime prose and who is at the same time an idiot and a genius.

Cleverton—Where did you get such an idea?

Dashaway—I've been reading the reviews of his latest book.—Harper's Bazar.

HIS DISCOVERY.

"Mary," said the young husband in hollow accents, "did you get the recipe for these biscuits out of the cookbook?"

"Yes, dear," she replied nervously.

"Why do you ask?"

"Nothing, pet—or only I didn't think cookbooks were such heavy literature."—Baltimore News.

HOW HE EXPLAINS IT.

Stephen—So it is all over with Miss Bolter? How did it happen that she threw you over?

James—I don't know for certain, but I suspect it was because she wasn't hopelessly in love with me.—Boston Transcript.

LOW.

Lawson—Waite is a sort of an eleventh hour man, isn't he?

Dawson—Worse than that. You can't depend on Waite's getting around until the twelfth hour.—Somerville Journal.

HER SYMPATHETIC FRIENDS.

"She says her face is her fortune."

"Dear me! I guess we'll have to get up a subscription list to keep her out of the poorhouse."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

DREPEST OF ALL BORINGS.

The deepest of all borings is at Parnowitz, near Ratibor, in Silesia, where the Prussian government sunk a well 2,003.34 meters below the surface (nearly 6,573 feet). The diameter of the boring diminishes from 0.082 meter to 0.063. The upper part of the well is lined. Observations of temperature have been made every thirty-one meters throughout the depth and the average depth corresponding to an increase of one degree C. in the mean temperature is 34.1 meters.

OLDEST CITY'S NEW RAILROAD.

Damascus, the oldest city in the world, will soon have in its streets the tracks of a railroad, on which the most modern methods will prevail. For more than 4,000 years the city got along without means of transportation, although it was enterprising enough to find a place in the Bible and the world's history. Wheat has wrought a change in Damascus now. Its annual output of the cereal is 10,000,000 bushels. A boom town in the West was never more lively than this relic of the dead past.

NEW OFFICERS AT YALE.

Alan Fox of Detroit, Mich., has been elected president and manager of the Yale football team for next year. Robert M. Ingham of Philadelphia, vice president, and David Boles of Scranton secretary. Retiring Manager Francis read his report, showing a balance of \$27,032.00, with receipts of \$51,689.32 and expenditures of \$24,656.25.

SCHOOL OF CHICAGO.

Schule, the crack jumper, now of the Chicago university track team, is said to be earnestly sought after by both Yale and Wisconsin. Schule is a product of the latter institution, and his recent absence from the city on some scientific investigation caused the Chicago track people much anxiety.

A NECESSITY IN THE HOME.

Is what the demands of modern life have made the telephone. For business, social and domestic purposes, it has ceased to be a luxury, and has become as necessary, in every well-ordered household, as water or gas.

ASK THE LOCAL MANAGER TO EXPLAIN THE VARIOUS FORMS OF SERVICE.

WISCONSIN

TELEPHONE CO.

T. P. BURNS'

Spring Offerings in--

Tailor-Made Suits, Separate Skirts & Jackets.

Every day for the past week has brought large invoices of these goods to our store and we can truly say that we never had a more complete line of ladies' ready to wear garments than this season. Our reputation for selling you the same goods as other people for so much less money has increased our trade in this department more than in any other department in the store, principally because the amounts invested are larger and the saving so much more noticeable.

When you see the values we are offering in—

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits

AT

\$3.50, \$7.50

\$10, \$12.50, \$15, \$18, & \$20

The values in JACKETS at \$2.50, \$5, \$7.50 and \$10.00.

The values in SEPARATE SKIRTS at \$1, \$2, \$3.50, \$5 and \$7.50, you will make up your minds it pays to trade at a store that keeps its expenses down.

T.P.BURNS DRY GOODS & CARPETS

DAILY EXCURSIONS.

TO CALIFORNIA

Through first-class and tourist sleeping cars to points in California and Oregon every day in the year from Chicago.

Personally Conducted Excursions

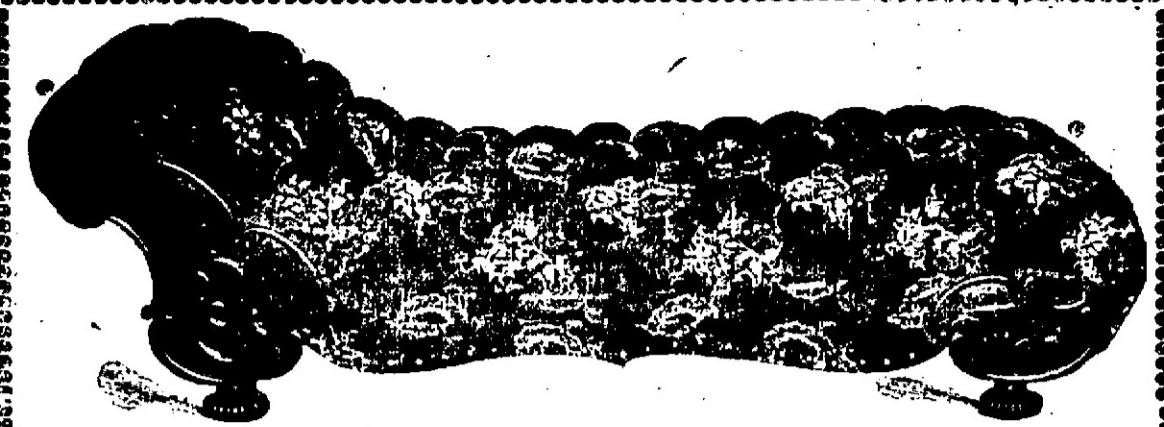
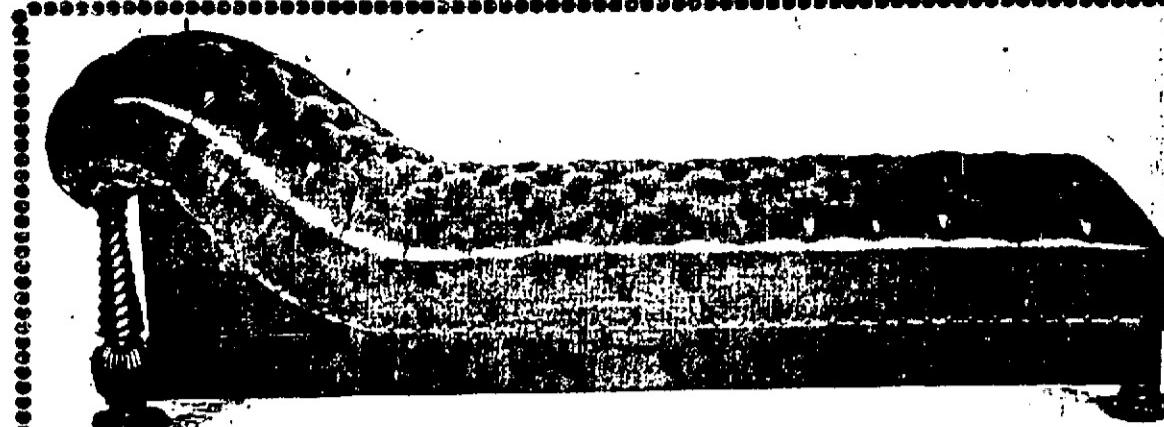
Every Tuesday and Thursday

Lowest Rates,
Shortest time on the Road,
Finest Scenery

THE GREAT CLEARANCE SALE OF **Furniture, Baby Carriages and Sewing Machines!**

is one-half over. Every line is complete and new goods every day. Everything is included in this sale.

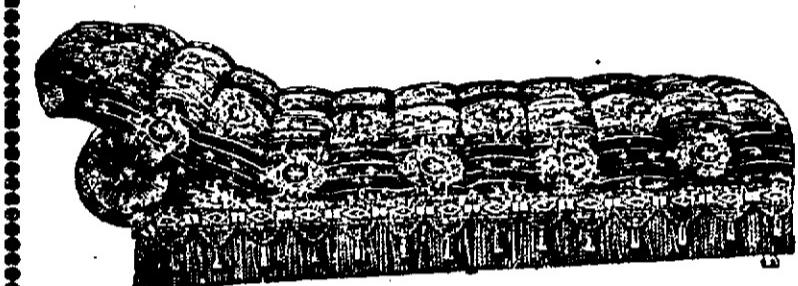
WE WILL SELL THE



GREATES LINE of COUCHES

Your Choice at \$12.00

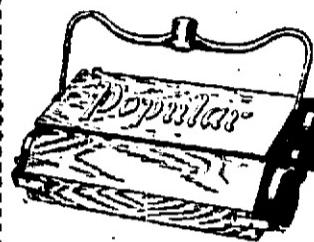
This includes about sixty couches of different styles, upholstered, both plain and tufted, and all new. We have a few cheap couches we will close out at **\$5.00 each**. If in need of a couch this spring,



Don't Miss This opportunity



To Buy a Couch.



We are selling a Good BISSELL
Carpet sweeper
AT
\$1.50 each.

Now is the time to buy; call and see the goods.
Everything guaranteed as represented

Furniture and
Undertaking.

W. H. ASHCRAFT,

56 W. Milwaukee St.,
Janesville, Wis.



SPECIAL!



WE HAVE secured the services of a **Chicago Specialist** who does nothing but **First Class** work. We will candidly inform the public that we were disappointed in the workmanship of our employees during the **Past Few Months**, but we will live up to our **Guarantees**, and regardless of cost, give perfect satisfaction.



Until April 1st,

We will Make the Following Prices:

Rubber Plates . . . \$6.00
22k Gold Crowns 4.50
Teeth Without Plates, per tooth 4.00
Best Gold Fillings . . . 75c - up.
Silver Fillings - 50c

When Ordering Plates, extracting Free.

Free Extraction Every Morning.

Until Further Notice.

Why have your work done by obscure dentists with doubtful reputations, when you can get work done at our parlors by well known, gentlemanly operators? Don't have poisons injected into your gums. Our latest methods are entirely painless.

New York Dental Parlors,
Second Floor, Jackman Block.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

On Wed., March 19 and Thurs., March 20,

We Shall Open the Garment Season with A GRAND DISPLAY AND SPECIAL SALE of * * * *

**Ladies' Suits, Skirts, Raglans,
Jackets and Capes**

In addition to our Splendid Line of New Garments purchased within the past three weeks, we shall have with us Mr. Lewis, representing Joseph Beifield & Co., the largest Chicago Cloak House. He will bring with him several hundred garments of the newest and latest productions * * * *

The Line will Include:

200 ladies' Suits from . . .	\$5 to \$25
250 ladies' Cloth & Silk Skirts from . . .	\$1.50 to \$25
150 ladies' Walking Skirts from \$2 to \$12	
100 ladies' Silk and Worsted Raglans from . . .	\$5 to \$25
125 ladies' Jackets and old ladies' Capes from . . .	\$3 to \$15

This will be the largest collection of ready-to-wear garments shown in the city this season all of which will be offered at a slight advance over wholesale prices. This will be an excellent opportunity to select an exclusive stylish garment. You take no risk in purchasing the guaranteed Beifield garments. They are strictly up to date, perfect in style, fit, material and workmanship. No other quite so dressy or as reasonable in price. You are cordially invited to inspect this great line of garments. We assure you, We have the stock. We will make low prices. We will please you if you want to buy; we will please you if you don't want to buy. Remember the dates, Wednesday and Thursday, March 19 and 20

BORT, BAILEY & CO.